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ART STUDENTS' ANATOMY



ART STUDENTS' ANATOMY

BY

EDMOND J. FARRIS

SECOND EDITION REVISED

PROFESSOR OF ANATOMY, PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF THE FINE ARTS; MEMBER, THE WISTAR INSTITUTE OF ANATOMY AND BIOLOGY; DIRECTOR, THE FARRIS INSTITUTE FOR PARENTHOOD

158 ILLUSTRATIONS
DRAWINGS BY
L. AUGUSTA S. FARRIS







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TO MY MOTHER



PREFACE

The purpose of this book is to describe to art students in as simple a manner as possible the essential anatomy of the living body. In the study of anatomy, it is advisable for the student to master: first, the skeleton and its surface projections: second, the muscles and their surface projections: and third, the surface form as affected by various actions. The author hopes to assist the student in accomplishing this chiefly by illustrations, photographs of living models, and roentgenograms. Text is used only to emphasize the importance of illustrations.

Close observation of one's self, as well as of others at work and at play will prove exceedingly beneficial in the mastery of anatomy. When a living model is available, the student should observe most carefully the details of the surface anatomy, and should train himself to do memory sketches of the model using these details as a premise to assist the expression of the artist.

Our great masters of art realized that a thorough understanding of anatomy was a necessary instrument in the portrayal of art, and Leonardo da Vinci, though known as an artist, merits the reputation of a great anatomist by reason of his accurate anatomical sketches and contributions to this subject.

In this book are reproductions of the great work of Siegfried Albinus, an anatomic illustrator of the early 18th century. These muscle and skeleton plates have been described by Dr. Charles Singer "as the most beautiful and among the most accurate anatomical figures ever published." In order to have scientifically correct drawings, numerous figures were drawn from actual bodies, these carefully averaged, and the completed work engraved by Jan Wandelaar under Albinus's direction. Most interesting are the ornaments of his figures which were chosen to give an accurate idea of the proportions of the figures.

The roentgenograms in the nine figures show actual actions of joints, and the bones forming these joints. The detail of bone in these x-rays was avoided purposely by the author in an effort to show greater skin density, and thus, a better understanding of the relationship of the skin to the bones of the joint.

The anatomical terms used throughout the text are in current use today in the majority of anatomical laboratories, and should likewise be adopted by the artists. A glossary of terms, their pronunciations and meanings is given at the end of the book.

The author is indebted to his wife, L. Augusta Stroman Farris for her untiring efforts, care and skill in making all of the illustrations, and for useful advice in all branches of the work. My thanks are due Roy M. Reeve, photographer at the Army Medical Museum, and his staff of assistants, for their very fine cooperation in taking most of the photographs. To Ted Shawn, the author wishes to acknowledge and express appreciation for the use of two photographs. The author appreciates the cooperative assistance of all the persons who so kindly posed for the photographs. Appreciation is also extended Dr. Wilbur Davis for assisting the author in the photography of some of the action pictures in figures 141 and 142, and to Dr. Louis G. Farris, Dr. Felipe Martinez, and John Keohane for valuable criticism.

For the friendly dealings, and excellent cooperation, the author wishes to thank Mr. E. W. Bacon and the publishers, J. B. Lippincott Company.

PREFACE—Second Edition

Suggestions to the teacher and student

Various methods are used in art schools for the study of anatomy. In the lectures and work at the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, I have endeavored to teach students to develop primarily keener powers of observation, and thus create a clearer insight in understanding the nature of the figures which the artist represents.

We follow closely the order of chapters in the book. We consider the landmarks and proportions very early in the course, for the student is constantly referring to landmarks and proportions in practically all of his work. The skeleton as a whole, the skull, bones and joints are studied in detail. Every student has a set of bones available for drawing purposes and to refer to during the lectures. The lecture is preceded and followed, as a rule, with approximately ten minutes of demonstration and sketching from the model, to emphasize the anatomy considered in the lecture. In the study of the muscular system, not only are the origin, insertion and action of each muscle stated, but the individual shapes of their fleshy and tendonous portions, and their effect on the surface forms are carefully demonstrated, when possible, on the living model.

Besides such visual aids as lantern slides and motion pictures, frequent visits are made to the galleries, to discuss the anatomy in all types of art. At the close of each semester, the students compete for three different prizes; one for the most complete and accurate set of bone drawings, two for the most accurate drawing of a skeleton which is posed, and three for the drawing of the most accurate muscle surface anatomy representation.

We have found that one of the advantages of this book is that the student is able to learn anatomy the easy way, for by referring constantly to the illustrations, one can identify anatomical structures such as muscles, bony landmarks, swellings or the parts of interest without the aid of a teacher.

It is a pleasure to acknowledge my thanks to a former student, Frank Stepler, for figures 144 and 145, and other anatomy students at the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts for samples of class work.

The Wistar Institute of Anatomy and Biology

EDMOND J. FARRIS

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ART STUDENTS' ANATOMY

INTRODUCTION TO ANATOMY

Human Anatomy is the study of the architecture of the human body. The body is composed of several systems of organs as follows:

- 1. The skeletal system; or study of bones is known as osteology.
- 2. The articulatory system; or study of joints and ligaments is known as arthrology.
- 3. The muscular system; or study of muscles is known as myology.
- The nervous system; or study of the brain and the spinal cord is known as neurology.
- The blood system; or study of the lymph-vessels, heart, and blood vessels is known as angiology.
- 6 The integumentary system; or the study of skin, hair, nails, etc. is known as dermatology.
- 7. The respiratory system consists of the lungs, larynx, and windpipe.
- 8. The **digestive system** includes the alimentary canal and its accessory parts such as teeth, tongue, etc.
- 9. The urogenital system consists of the urinary and reproductive organs.

DESCRIPTIVE TERMS

In anatomical description, the following terms are in common use.

Anterior or ventral refers to the front of the body.

Posterior or dorsal refers to the rear or back of the body.

Superior or cranial refers to the head-end or upper-end of the body.

Inferior or caudal refers to the lower-end of the body.

Medial means nearer the midline of the body.

Lateral means farther from the midline of the body.

Internal means deeper or towards the center of the part.

External means towards the outside.

The terms proximal and distal are used only in description of the limbs.

Proximal means nearer the point of attachment or trunk, while distal means farther from the point of attachment.

The anatomical position, or the position in which the body is usually described, is one in which the individual stands erect, with arms at the side, and the palms of the hands facing forward.

Ι

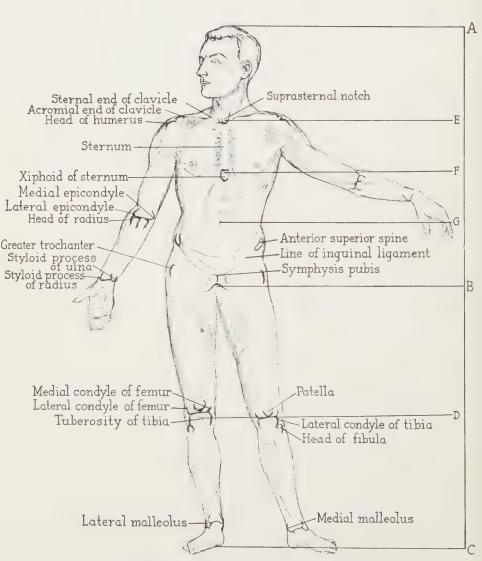


Fig. 1.—Anterior surface view showing landmarks and proportions.

CHAPTER I

LANDMARKS AND PROPORTIONS

There are landmarks evident in various regions of the body essentially important to the artist. These landmarks, as indicated in the figure on the opposite page, deal primarily with bones which cause projections on the surface. The details concerning the landmarks will be considered later in the text.

The human body is composed of the following parts:

- The head (caput) includes the Skull (cranium) and the Face (facies). The face includes the mouth (os), nose (nasus), and eye (oculus).
- The neck (collum) joins the head with the trunk. The sternocleidomastoid muscles, the throat (larynx), and the sternal parts of the clavicles are easily visible.
- The trunk (truncus) is divided into the CHEST (thorax) and BELLY (abdomen). On the chest, one can distinguish the rib outline, the nipples of the mammary glands, and the lower border of the sternum, which serves as a line of separation between the thorax and abdomen. On the abdomen, the navel (umbilicus) is recognized as a depression at approximately the mid-abdomen. The inguinal ligament separates the trunk from the lower extremity. The BACK (dorsum) from the neck to the hip bones (coxae) is usually considered the hinder or posterior part of the trunk. The back of the neck is known as the nape (nucha).
- The upper extremity (extremitas superior) is divided into four portions: Shoulder (omos), Arm (brachium), Forearm (antibrachium), and the Hand (manual, which includes the wrist (carpus).
- The lower extremity (extremitas inferior) is also divided into four parts: HIP (coxa), THICH (femur), LEG (crus), and FOOT (pes), which includes the ankle (tarsus).

PROPORTIONS IN THE ADULT MALE

The "head-length" is the usual unit of measurement.

The average body is 7½ heads in length.

The shoulders at the greatest width, measures about 2 head-lengths.

The supra-sternal fossa to the tip of the middle finger measures ½ the height of the body.

The body may be divided into two equal halves as in the diagram.

AB = BC where B represents the pubic arch.

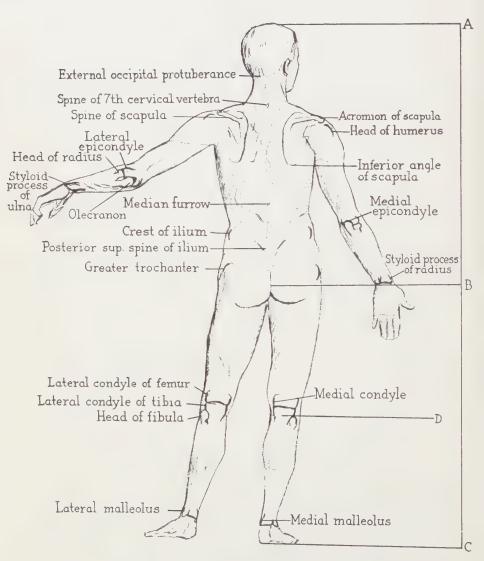


Fig. 2.—Posterior surface view showing landmarks and proportions.

The lower half (BC) may be subdivided into two equal halves: BD = DC where D represents a point just below the knee.

The trunk (Fig. 1) may be divided into equal thirds as follows:

EF = FG = GB where E is the supra-sternal fossa

F is the xiphoid process of sternum

G is the navel

B is the pubic arch.

PROPORTIONS IN THE ADULT FEMALE

The body is 7¹2 head-lengths. The trunk is slightly greater in length than that of the male, while the length of the lower limbs is slightly shorter. The pelvis is broader in the female, while the width of the shoulders is narrower.

PROPORTIONS IN THE INFANT

The proportions of the infant may be represented in head-lengths as follows:

Birth—1st year 4 head-lengths

4 years 5 head-lengths

9 years 6 head-lengths (see page 125)

CHAPTER II

THE SKELETON AS A WHOLE

The skeleton forms the framework of the body. It includes bones, cartilages, and articulations which bind the bones together.

Functions of Bones.

- 1. To afford surface for attachment of muscles.
- 2. To afford protection.
- 3. To serve as levers.
- 4. To bear weight.

Shape of Bones. The bones, according to their shapes, are divided into four types:

- 1. Long bone—Example, humerus.
- 2. Short bone—Example, wrist bones.
- 3. Flat bone—Example, scapula.
- 4. Irregular—Example, vertebra.

Sex of Bones. The male bones are characterized by:

- 1. Greater development of processes and ridges.
- 2. Greater broadness.
- 3. Greater size of the articular surfaces.

Number of Bones. It is impossible to state an exact number of bones for skeletons in general. No two skeletons are identical. However, two hundred separate bones (206) is the usual number of bones, of which one hundred and twenty-six belong to the appendicular skeleton, and seventy-four to the axial skeleton.

Parts of Bones.

Canal—a tunnel.

Condyle—a rounded eminence with articular cartilage.

Crest—a sharp border of bone.

Epicondyle—a projection above a smooth articular surface.

Foramen—a hole.

Fossa—a depression.

Incisure—a notch.

Lip—margin of a groove.

Line—a low ridge.

Plane—a flat surface.

Process—any kind of projection.

Sinus—a cavity in bone with mucous membrane lining.

Spine—a sharp prominence.

Sulcus—a groove.

Trochlea—a pulley.

Tuberosity—a rounded eminence.

THE SKELETON OUTLINED

The skeleton may be outlined as follows:

AXIAL: Skull, Vertebrae, Sternum, Ribs, Hyoid bone.
APPENDICULAR: Superior extremity, Inferior extremity.

Axial (Single bones) (Paired bones)

SKULL: frontal parietal

ethmoid temporal
sphenoid zygoma (malar)
vomer nasal
mandible maxilla
occipital palate

occipital palate (hyoid) lachrymal turbinate

lumbar 5

sacrum 5 (Fuse to form one bone in adult) coccyx 3 to 4 (Fuse to form one bone in adult)

STERNUM: manubrium

body

xiphoid process

Ribs: (Paired bones)

true ribs 14 false ribs 10

Appendicular (Appendicular skeleton is paired throughout)

Superior Extremity: Inferior Extremity:

clavicle or collar-bone innominatum or hip bone

scapula or shoulder-bone ilium
humerus or arm bone ischium
pubis

radius forearm femur tibia carpal or wrist bones (8)

metacarpal or palm bones (5) patella or knee-cap phalanges or finger bones (14) tarsal bones (7)

metatarsal bones (5) phalanges or toes (14)

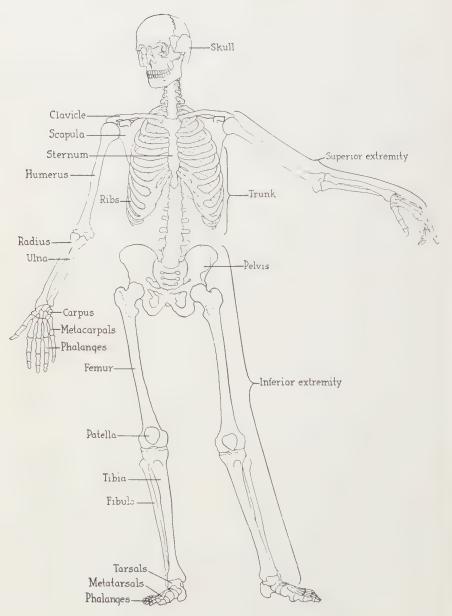


Fig. 3.—Skeleton, anterior view with labeled leaders.



Fig. 4.—Skeleton, anterior view (Albinus).

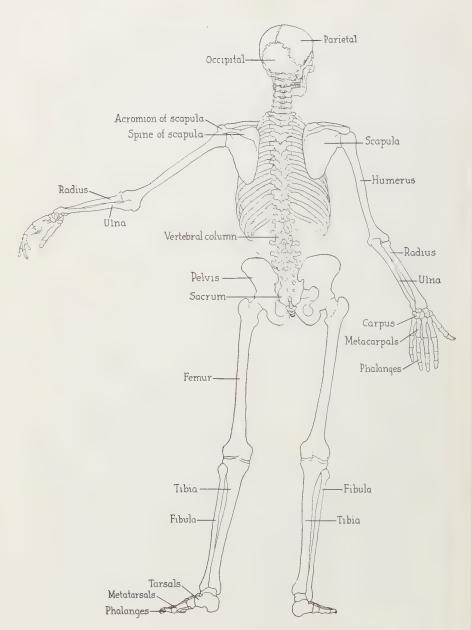


Fig. 5.—Skeleton, posterior view with labeled leaders.



Fig. 6.—Skeleton, posterior view (Albinus).

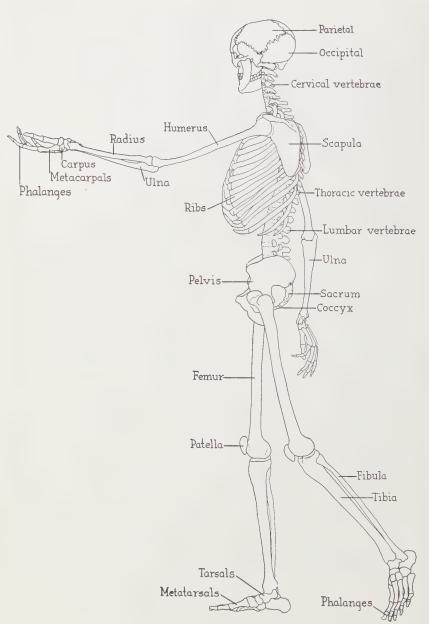


Fig. 7.—Skeleton, viewed from the left with labeled leaders.

THE SKELETON AS A WHOLE



Fig. 8.—Skeleton, viewed from the left (Albinus).

CHAPTER III

THE SKELETAL SYSTEM

THE SKULL

The skull (Figs. 9, 10, 11) rests on the summit of the vertebral column. The individual bones composing the skull are joined to each other by sutures. The skull may be divided into two parts as follows: (1) the skeleton of the face, and (2) the cranium, in which the brain is lodged.

Skeleton of Face (14)	Cranium (8)
Two maxillae	Two parietals
Two nasals	Two temporals
Two zygomatics	Frontal
Two lacrimals	Occipital
Two palatines	Sphenoidal
Two inferior nasal conchae	Ethmoidal
* 7	

Vomer Mandible

- The frontal bone forms the forehead, roof of the orbits, and the nasal fossae. It is smooth and subcutaneous, so that the shape of the bone is distinctive. The internal surface of the bone lodges the frontal lobe of the brain which is associated chiefly with the intellect. The frontal eminences are usually more prominent in women and children than in men, and appear as swellings on either side of the forehead. Below the frontal eminences are the superciliary arches which are small in the female and absent in children.
- The occipital bone forms the back of the head. The large foramen (foramen magnum) on the base allows transmission of the spinal cord to the cranial cavity. The external occipital protuberance is easily felt as a prominent surface posteriorly. From the protuberance there extends laterally on either side a curved ridge of bone for muscle attachments, termed superior nuchal line.
- The parietal bones are quadrilateral in shape and are united together in the mid-line by the sagittal suture to form the vault of the cranium.
- The temporal bones are below the parietal bones at the side and base of the skull. Each possesses a nipple-like projection (the mastoid process), and a deep canal (the external auditory meatus of hearing). The mastoid process is not well developed in the infant, accounting for the marked flattening in appearance. (Fig. 144)
- The maxillary bones are fused to form the whole upper jaw. Each maxilla assists in forming the roof of the mouth, the floor and lateral wall of the nose, and the floor of the orbits. It lodges the upper teeth, which in the adult consist of permanent teeth. The first set of teeth appear in childhood, and are called deciduous or milk teeth.

The dental formulae may be represented as follows (Figs. 9, 10, 11, 144):

	Molar	Premolar	Canine	Incisor	Incisor	Canine	Premolar	Molar
Permanent	3	2	I	2	2	I	2	3
Deciduous		2	I	2	2	I	2	

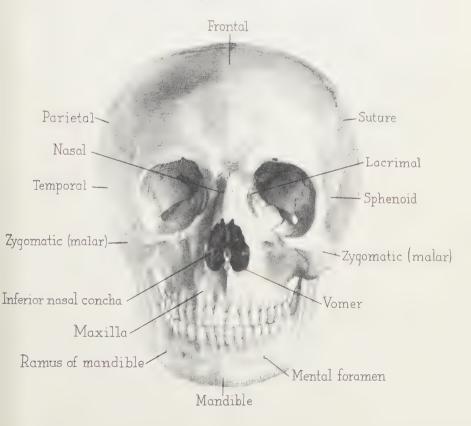
The mandible is the largest and strongest bone of the face. It consists of a horizontal body and two perpendicular parts, the rami, which unite with the ends of the body in the adult at nearly right angles. It lodges the lower teeth and has a dental formula identical to the upper jaw. The mandible articulates with the temporal bone.

The zygomatic bones are small and quadrangular in shape and are situated at the upper part of the face to form the distinct prominences of the cheeks.

The two nasal bones form the bony arch or "the bridge" of the nose by being placed side by side at the middle and upper part of the face.

The sinuses are large air spaces in the frontal, ethmoid, sphenoid, and maxillary bones. They all communicate with the nasal passages.

Differences in skull due to age—see page 149.



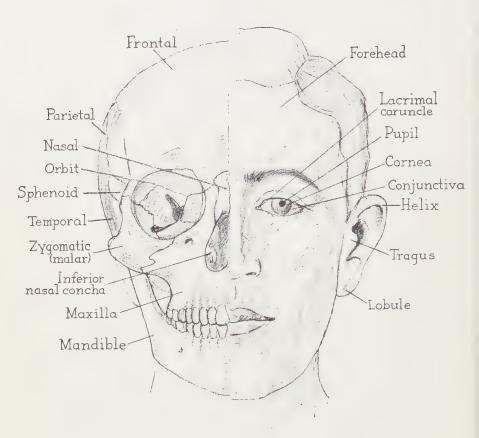


Fig. 10.—Skull from in front, showing surface relationships.

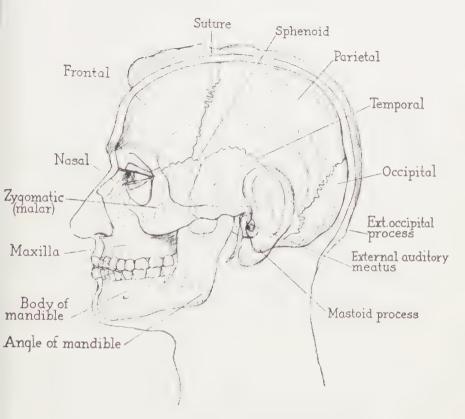


Fig. 11.—Skull from the left side, showing surface relationships.

THE VERTEBRAL COLUMN

The vertebral column forms the central axis of the skeleton. It is made up of twenty-six vertebrae in the adult as follows:

Cervical .						7
Thoracic						Ι2
Lumbar .						5
Sacral						I
Coccygeal						I

The Spine. The spinal column is the chief support for the head, the ribs, the upper and lower extremities. The average length of the spine is about 28 inches in the male, and 27 inches in the female. The true or movable part of the spine is made up of the cervical, thoracic, and lumbar portions. The false or fixed part is made up of the sacrum and the coccyx. Spines of all vertebrae incline downwards, a condition peculiar to men and anthropoid apes. The greatest inclination is in the thoracic and least downward inclination is in the lumbar portions.

Curvatures. The vertebral column presents a series of curvatures as follows:

PRIMARY CURVES: THORACIC, convex dorsally, SACRAL, convex dorsally. SECONDARY CURVES: CERVICAL, concave dorsally, LUMBAR, concave dorsally. The thoracic and sacral curves are termed Primary because they are present in fetal life. The cervical and lumbar curves are Secondary, and are developed after birth at about three and one-half months, when the child holds up his head; at nine months, when the child sits upright; and at about twelve to eighteen months, when the child begins to walk.

BONY LANDMARKS

The spines of the vertebrae are subcutaneous. The seventh cervical or vertebra prominens is the most prominent in the cervical region. The first thoracic spine may appear more prominent than the seventh cervical. On stooping or bending, the thoracic vertebrae appear like beaded elevations.

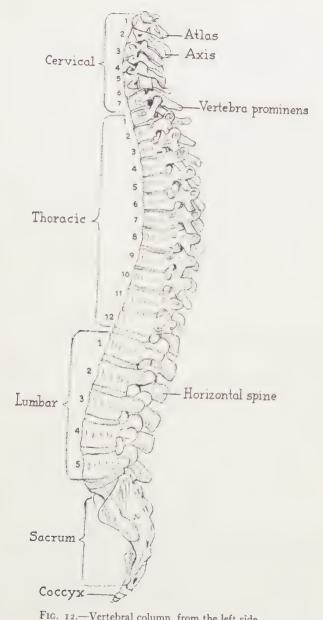


FIG. 12.—Vertebral column, from the left side.

CLAVICLE

Shape. Slender, double curved, rounded medially, flattened laterally. Position. Ventrally at base of neck and beginning of shoulder. Articulations. Sternum, indirectly medially, acromion laterally. Divisions. Body, sternal extremity, acromial extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The clavicle is subcutaneous throughout, being visible in most people, and easily felt through the skin and fascia. The sternal extremity is always visible.

STERNUM

Shape. Elongated, flattened ventro-dorsally, Roman sword-like.

Position. Thorax (chest), ventro-medially.

Articulations. Clavicle and true ribs.

Divisions. Manubrium (handle), body (little sword), xiphoid process.

BONY LANDMARKS

The middle of the sternum is subcutaneous. The female sternum is shorter and perhaps somewhat broader than that of the male.

THORAX (Figures 4, 6, 8)

Shape. Barrel like, but smaller at upper than at lower portion.

Comprises. 12 thoracic vertebrae

12 ribs and cartilages

I sternum (breast bone), which by their articulations make the barrelshaped cavity. The slope of ribs increases from above downwards. The antero-posterior flattening is a purely human characteristic.

The upper seven ribs are called **true ribs** because they are attached to the sternum. The lower five ribs are called **false ribs** because they are not attached directly to the sternum, but by cartilage to the sternum. The eleventh and twelfth ribs are called **floating ribs** because they are free of cartilage. The thorax of the female is shorter than that of the male. Although the thorax is well covered externally with muscles, excepting the middle of the sternum and the mid-line of the back, the outline of the thorax is evident for the most part.

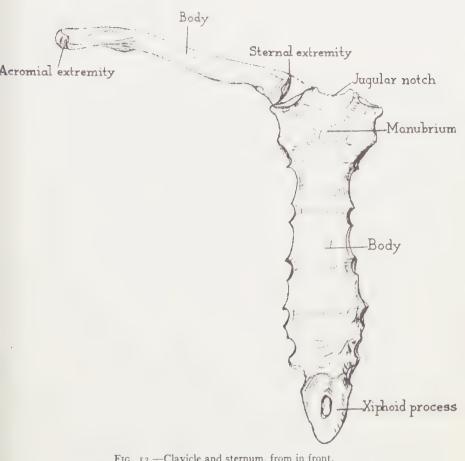


Fig. 13.—Clavicle and sternum, from in front.

SCAPULA

Shape. Broad, flat, triangular with prominent transverse ridge on posterior side.

Position. Thorax, dorso-laterally from 2nd to 7th rib.

Articulations. Clavicle proximally, humerus distally.

Divisions. Body, spine, coracoid process, acromion.

BONY LANDMARKS

The bony points which can be felt on the scapula are the acromion, spine, coracoid process, the vertebral border, and the inferior angle.

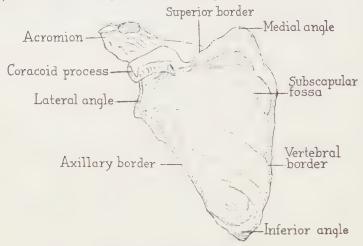


Fig. 14.—Right shoulder blade, scapula, from in front.

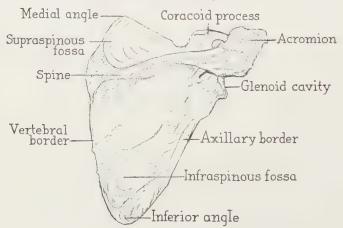


Fig. 15.—Right shoulder blade, scapula, from behind.

HUMERUS

Shape. Long, more or less round in upper half, triangular in lower half.

Position. Upper arm.

Articulations. Scapula. proximally, ulna and radius, distally.

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The medial and lateral epicondyles of the humerus are subcutaneous and easily recognized. The rest of the bone is covered with muscles, although a great part of it can be felt through them.

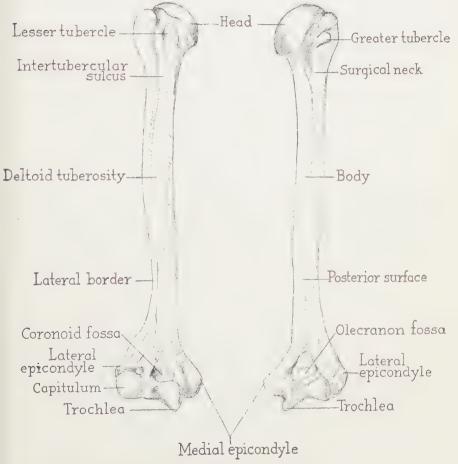


Fig. 16.—Right humerus, anterior view.

Fig. 17.—Right humerus, posterior view.

RADIUS AND ULNA

RADIUS

Shape. Long, slightly curved, rounded proximally, becoming larger distally and somewhat oval.

Position. LATERALLY in forearm.

Articulations. Humerus proximally, ulna proximo-medially, ulna disto-medially, navicular and lunate bones of wrist distally.

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The head of the radius is visible on the back of the forearm, while the distal extremity (styloid process) is somewhat prominent and very easily felt just above the wrist.

ULNA

Shape. Long, tapering, triangular proximally, rounded distally.

Position. MEDIAL side of forearm.

Articulations. Humerus proximally, radius proximally and laterally, radius distally and laterally, triangular cartilage distally.

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The **head** of the ulna appears as a rounded knob when the forearm is in the prone (palm down) position. The knob disappears in supination (palm up). The **styloid process** of the ulna is about one-half inch more proximal than the styloid process of the **radius**. The ulna may be felt from end to end on the back of the forearm, the olecranon being subcutaneous, prominent, and visible.

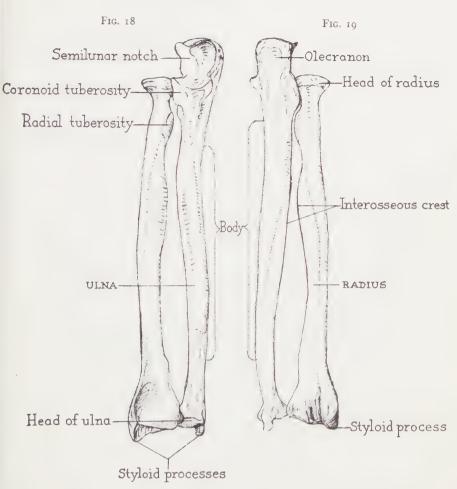


Fig. 18.—Bones of right forearm, radius and ulna, anterior view.

Fig. 19.—Bones of right forearm, radius and ulna, posterior view.

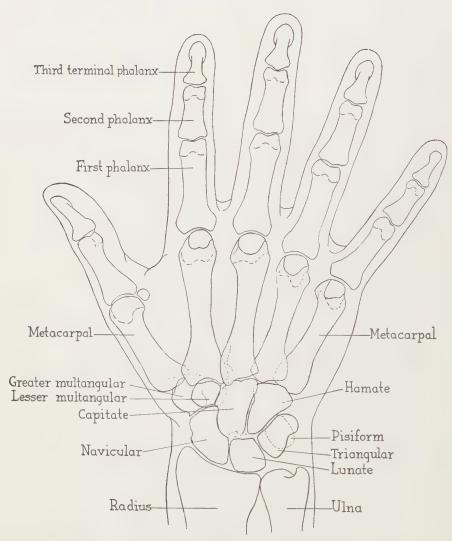


Fig. 20.—Tracing of roentgenogram of right hand, posterior view, showing bones labeled.



Fig. 21.—Roentgenogram of right hand, posterior view, showing bones.

PELVIS (Figures 4, 6, 8, 22, 23)

Shape. Basin-like.

Position. Lower portion of trunk.

Comprises. Two hip-bones, the sacrum, and coccyx.

Differences in Sex. The male and female pelves differ greatly, because the latter is arranged for the function of child-bearing.

MALE

Bones stronger and heavier Superior aperture heart-shaped Minor pelvis deeper and narrower Pubic arch pointed and narrow (60°) FEMALE

Bones lighter Superior aperture oval Minor pelvis shallower and wider Pubic arch rounded and wider (90°)

BONY LANDMARKS

The anterior superior spine is prominent in thin people, sometimes as a depression. The iliac crest is much more evident in front than behind, but can be felt throughout. The posterior superior spine (Fig. 49) forms the dimple evident usually in the female.

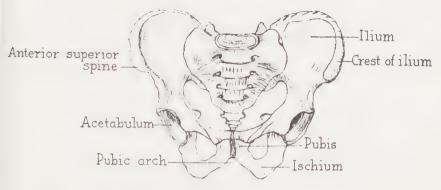


Fig 22.—Male pelvis, anterior view.

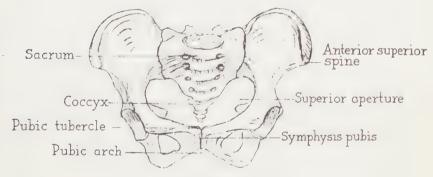


Fig. 23.—Female pelvis, anterior view.

FEMUR AND PATELLA

FEMUR

Shape. Long, large, rounded, slightly curved.

Position. Thigh.

Articulations. Pelvis proximally; tibia and patella, distally.

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The location of the greater trochanter is visible on the lateral surface of the hip. The lateral and medial epicondyles are both superficial.

PATELLA (Figures 4, 8)

Shape. Somewhat like a chestnut.

Position. Knee joint.

Division. Body.

BONY LANDMARKS

The form of the patella is visible under the skin and can be moved from side to side when the leg is extended and relaxed.

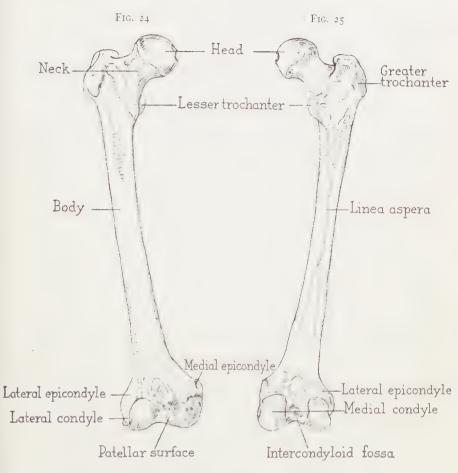


Fig. 24.—Right thigh bone, femur, anterior view. Fig. 25.—Right thigh bone, femur, posterior view.

TIBIA AND FIBULA

TIBIA

Shape. Long, somewhat triangular, trumpet shaped.

Position. Medial side of leg.

Articulations. Femur proximally, fibula proximolaterally, talus and fibula distall;

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The medial surface of the tibia is subcutaneous and easily felt from proximal to distal ends. The tuberosity serves well as a landmark. The medial malleolus is also subcutaneous and visible, being noticeably higher than the malleolus of the fibula.

FIBULA

Shape. Long, slender, roughly or irregularly four sided.

Position. Lateral side of leg.

Articulations. Tibia, proximally; tibia and talus distomedially.

Divisions. Body, proximal extremity, distal extremity.

BONY LANDMARKS

The head of the fibula is seen as a bony prominence on the postero-lateral surface of the leg. Its distal quarter, including the lateral malleolus, is subcutaneous, the latter forming a somewhat triangular projection at the ankle.

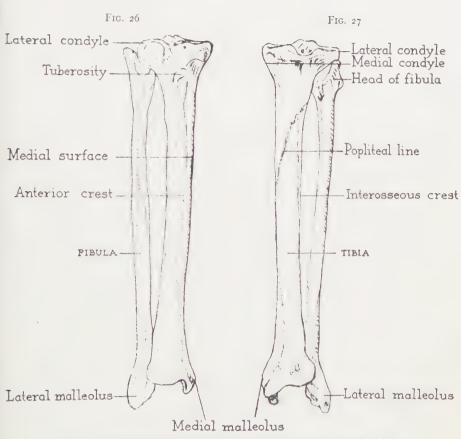


Fig. 26.—Right shin bone and calf bone, tibia and fibula, anterior view.

Fig. 27.—Right shin bone and calf bone, tibia and fibula, posterior view.



Fig. 28.—Labeled tracing of roentgenogram of right foot, from inside, showing bones of foot.



Fig. 29.—Roentgenogram of right foot, from inside, showing bones of foot.

CHAPTER IV

ARTICULATIONS AND MOVEMENTS

Articulations or joints are divided into three classes on the basis of possible movement.

- 1. Synarthrosis or immovable. Example: skull bones.
- 2. Amphiarthrosis, or slightly movable. Example: symphysis pubis.
- 3. Diarthrosis, or freely movable. Example: shoulder joint.

Typical Joint (Fig. 30). The freely movable joint includes the greater number of the joints important to the artist. This type of joint consists of:

 Capsule, a continuous sheath of fibrous tissue which envelopes the articulating bones.

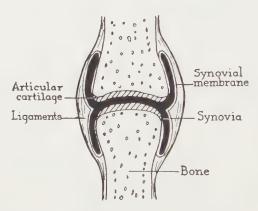


Fig. 30.—Diagram of a typical movable joint.

- 2. Synovial membrane, the inner lining of epithelial tissue which secretes a lubricating fluid.
- 3. Synovia, a thick fluid enclosed in the joint capsule.
- 4. LIGAMENTS, thickened, tough, fibrous tissue outside the capsule where greater strain occurs.
- 5. Articular cartilage, a cartilaginous surface which imparts smoothness.

MOVEMENT IN JOINTS

The movements in joints may be divided into four kinds as follows:

- 1. Gliding: one surface moving over another. Example: Carpal bones.
- 2. Angular:
 - a. Movement away from median plane is called abduction.
 - b. Movement toward the median plane is called adduction.
 - c. Movement which increases the angle between the parts is called extension.
 - d. Movement which decreases the angle between the parts is called **flexion**.
- 3. Circumduction: a succession of movements in which the part describes the surface of a cone, the apex of which is at the articulation.
- 4. Rotation: a movement around a central axis without any displacement from this axis.

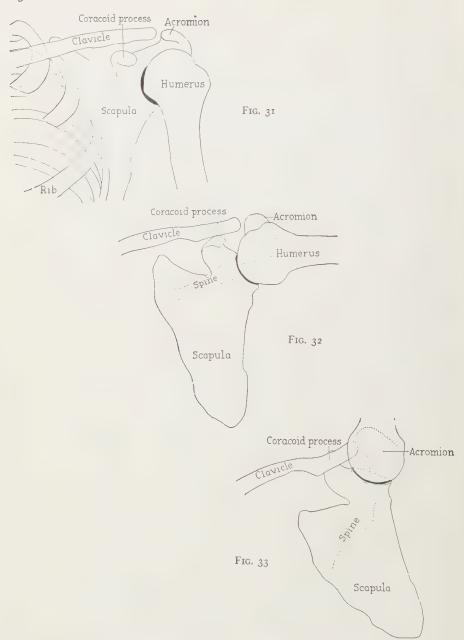
SPECIAL MOVEMENTS

Of the Forearm—Supination, a movement which turns the forearm with palm upward.

Pronation, a movement which turns the forearm with the back of hand foreward.

Of the Ankle Joint—Inversion, a movement which turns sole of foot inward.

Eversion, a movement which turns sole of foot outward.



Figs. 31, 32, and 33.—Labeled tracings of roentgenograms to show rotation of the scapula.



Fig. 34.—Roent-genogram of left shoulder, arm to side, front view.



Fig. 35.—Roent-genogram left shoulder, arm abducted 90°.



Fig. 36.—Roentgenogram left shoulder, arm extended overhead.

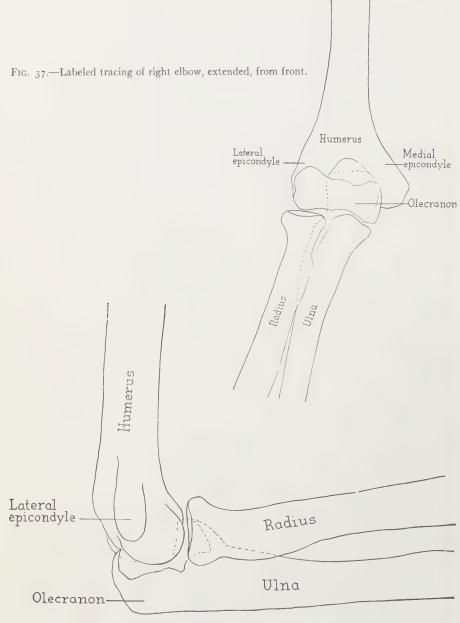


Fig. 38.—Labeled tracing of right elbow, bent 90°, from external side.

ARTICULATIONS AND MOVEMENTS

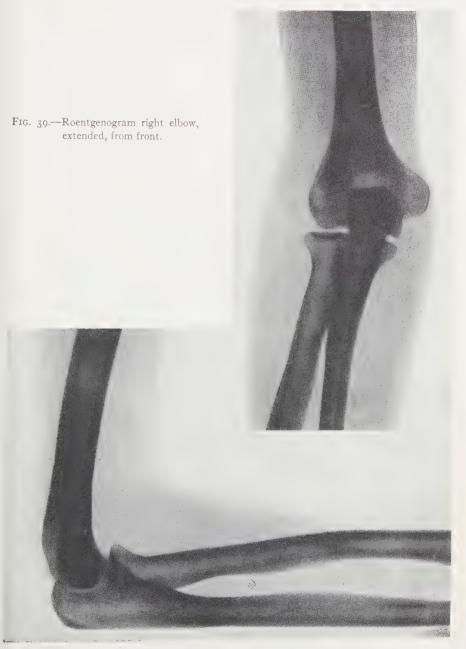


Fig. 40.—Roentgenogram right elbow, bent 90°, from external side.

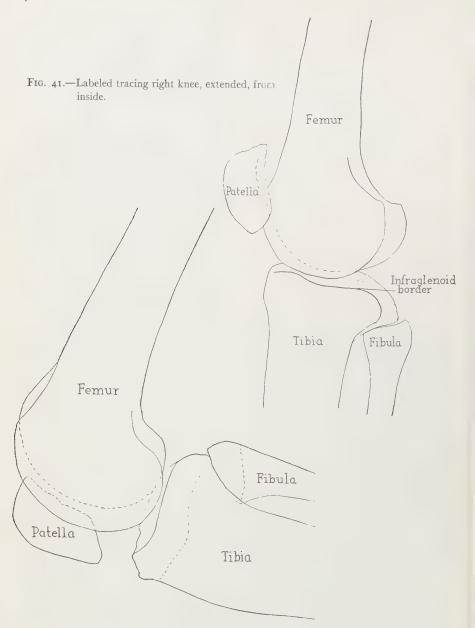


Fig. 42.—Labeled tracing right knee, bent 90°, from inside.



Fig. 44.—Roentgenogram right knee, bent 90°, from inside.

CHAPTER V

BONY LANDMARKS ON THE HUMAN FIGURE

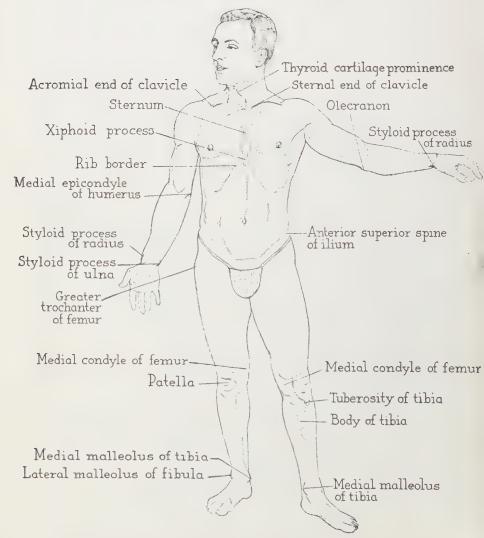


Fig. 45.—Labeled sketch of male figure showing bony landmarks, anterior view.



Fig. 46.—Male figure, anterior view.

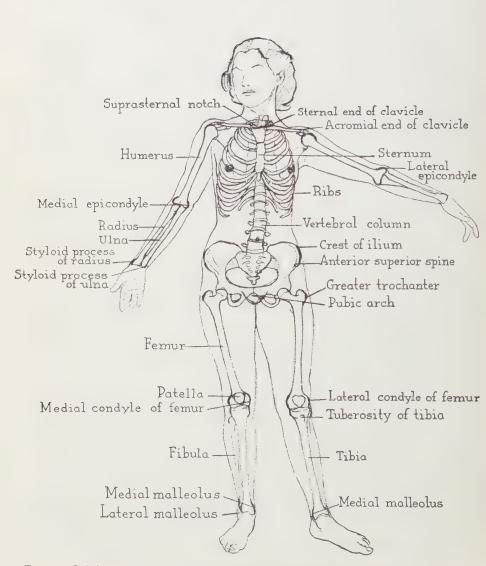


Fig. 47.—Labeled sketch of female figure, showing relationships of the skeleton to surface form.



Fig. 48.—Female figure, anterior view.

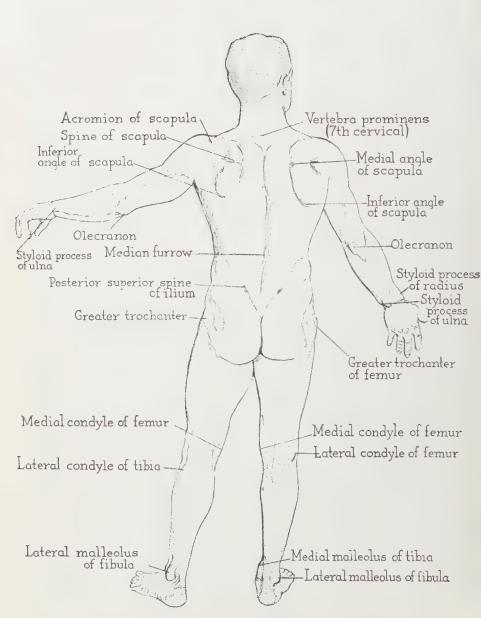


Fig. 40.—Labeled sketch of male figure showing bony landmarks, posterior view.



Fig. 50.—Male figure, posterior view.

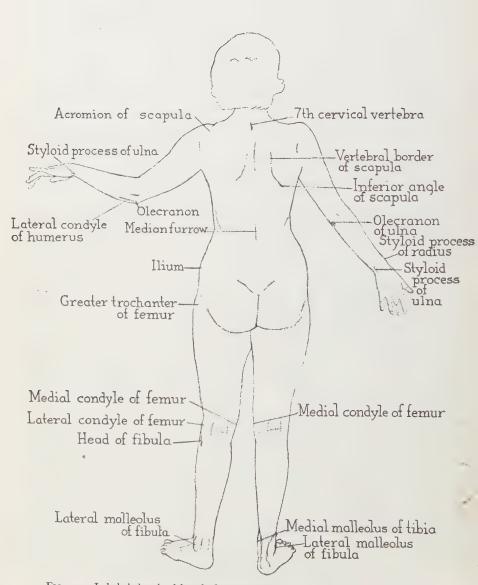


Fig. 51.—Labeled sketch of female figure showing bony landmarks, posterior view.



Fig. 52.—Female figure, posterior view.

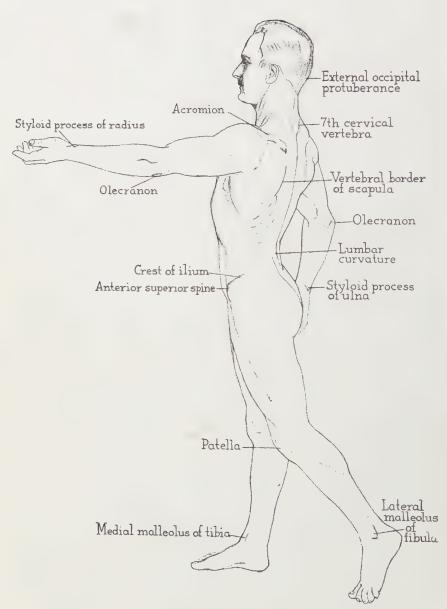


Fig. 53.—Labeled sketch of male figure from left side, showing bony landmarks.



Fig. 54.—Male figure, left side view.

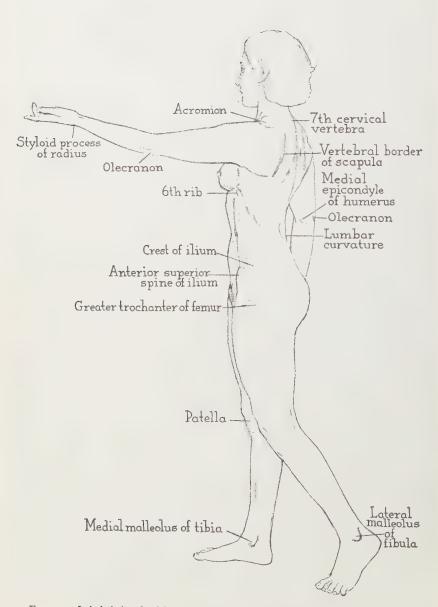


Fig. 55.—Labeled sketch of female figure from left side, showing bony landmarks.

BONY LANDMARKS



Fig. 56.—Female figure, left side view.

CHAPTER VI

THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM

The voluntary (skeletal) muscles constitute about forty-five per cent of the total body weight. The muscles act on the bones as levers, and move the different parts of the body. (Fig. 57.) In order for a muscle to contract, it must possess:

Origin—a relatively fixed point of attachment, and toward which the contraction is made.

Belly—which swells when a muscle is in action.

Insertion—a movable point of attachment.

Muscles possess also three types of attachments:

Direct to bone (usually the origin).

By tendon--which is a white, glistening, non-elastic, strong cord.

By aponeurosis—which is a sheet of white, flat connective tissue.

Name of Muscles. Muscles have received their names because of:

FORM—example, gracilis (slender).

Action—example, levator scapulae (raise the scapula).

SITUATION—example, frontalis (front of forehead).

ATTACHMENTS—example, coracobrachialis (coracoid process to arm).

STRUCTURE—example, triceps (three heads).

Function—example, flexor (to bend).

 $\label{eq:def:Direction} \textbf{Direction---example}, obliquus.$

OCCUPATION—example, buccinator (trumpeter's muscle).

ACTIONS OF MUSCLES

Muscles act across joints (Fig. 57), usually in combination with others for most movements. When one muscle or group of muscles contract, others must relax to allow the movement to be carried through. Therefore, no muscle acts purely by itself; the more complicated muscular actions are always in perfect harmony.

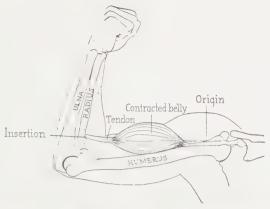


Fig. 57.—Diagram showing contraction of biceps brachii muscle.



Fig. 58.—Flexed right arm, showing contraction of the biceps brachii muscle.

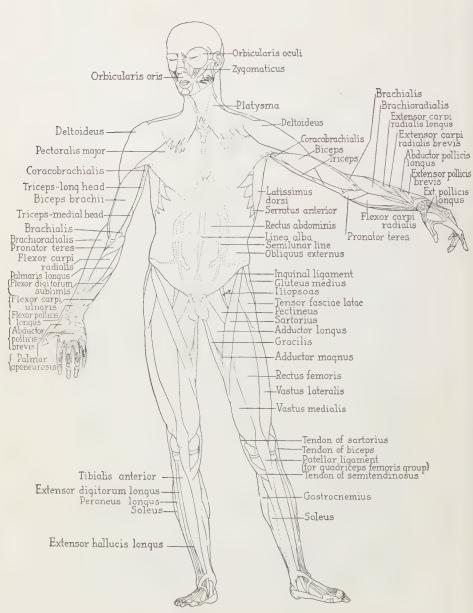


Fig. 59.—Labeled sketch of muscles, superficial layer, anterior view.



Fig. 60.—Muscles, superficial layer, anterior view. (Albinus.)

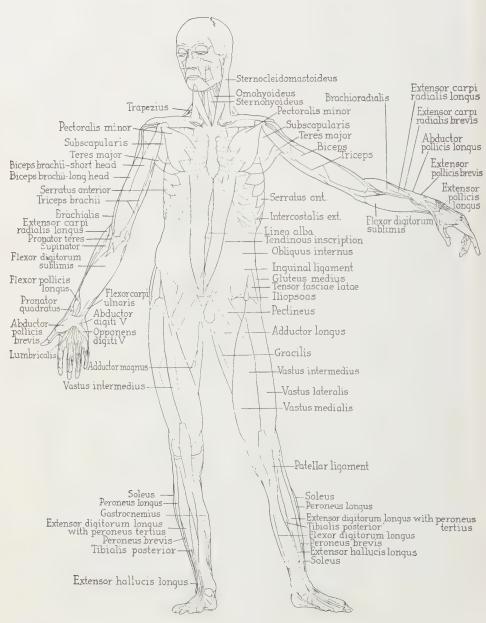


Fig. 61.—Labeled sketch of muscles, deep layer, anterior view.

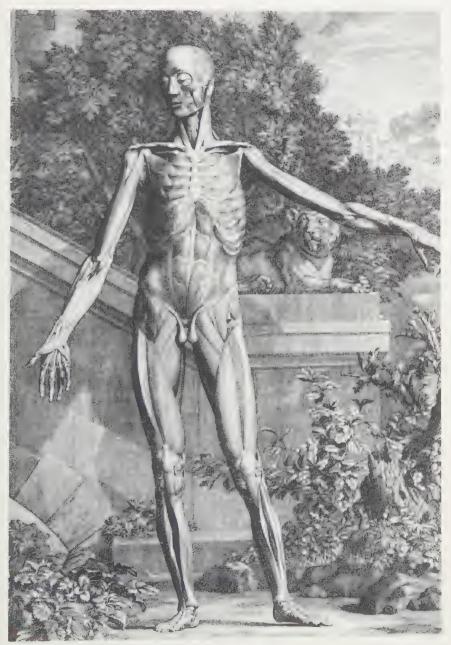


Fig. 62.—Muscles, deep layer, anterior view. (Albinus.)

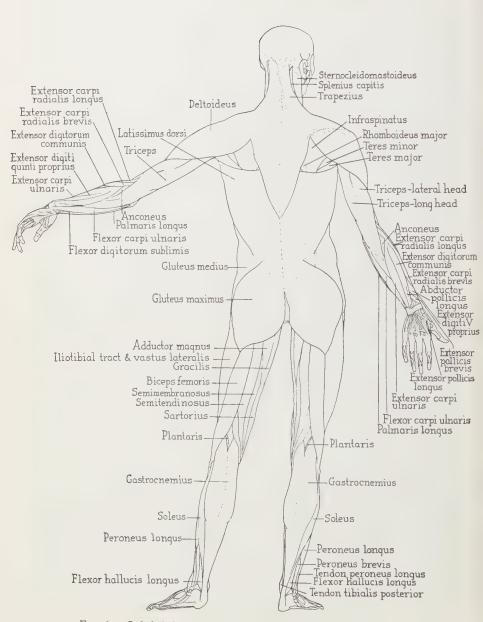


Fig. 63.—Labeled sketch of muscles, superficial layer, posterior view.



Fig. 64.—Muscles, superficial layer, posterior view. (Albinus.)

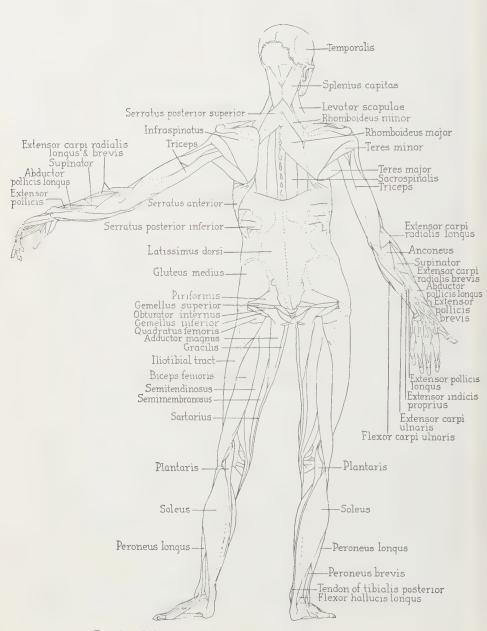


Fig. 65.—Labeled sketch of muscles, deep layer, posterior view.

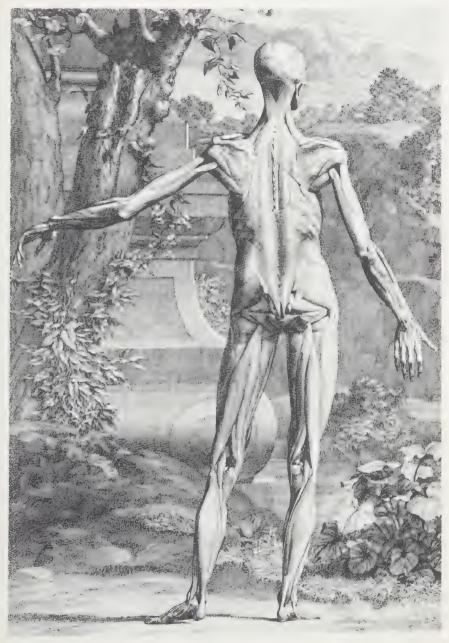


Fig. 66.—Muscles, deep layer, posterior view. (Albinus.)

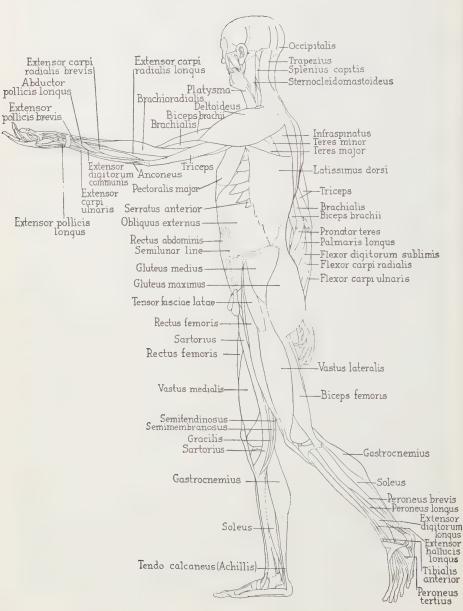


Fig. 67.—Labeled sketch of muscles, viewed from the left side.



Fig. 68.—Muscles, viewed from the left side. (Albinus.)

Muscle	Origin	Insertion	Action
Auricularis ante-	Temporal fascia	Cartilage of ear	Draws ear forward
rior Auricularis su- perior	Epicranial aponeurosis	Cartilage of car	Draws ear upward
Brachialis	Lower two-thirds of ante- rior surface of humerus	Coronoid process of ulna	Flexes forearm
Brachioradialis	External epicondyloid ridge of humerus	In front of base of styloid process of radius	Flexes forearm and assists slightly in supination
Coracobrachialis	Coracoid process of scapula	Middle one-third of hu- merus	Adducts and flexes arm Assists in medial rotation
Extensor digito- rum longus	Body and lateral condyle of tibia, upper anterior two- thirds of fibula by inter- osseous membrane	The four lateral toes	Dorsi-flexor of ankle; ex- tensor of the four lateral toes
Flexor carpi ul- naris	Medial epicondyle of hu- merus, and ulnar head of olecranon process of ulna	Pisiform bone chiefly	Flexes and adducts the wrist; steadies pisiform bone; helps flex elbow joint
Flexor digiti quinti brevis	Hamate bone of wrist	First phalanx of little finger	Flexes first phalanx of little finger
Flexor pollicis brevis	Ulnar side of first meta- carpal bone	Inner side base of first phalanx of thumb	Flexor of thumb; assists in opposing thumb to the fingers
Gracilis	Rami of pubis near sym- physis	Shaft of tibia below medial condyle	Flexes knee; adducts thigh, rotates leg medially
Orbicularis oculi	Maxilla, frontal bone, and medial palpebral liga- ment	There is no bony insertion. The muscle fibres form a complete ellipse and terminate at the origin	Closes eye; draws eyelid to- wards median line; stretches skin of forehead
Orbicularis oris	Various muscles converg- ing into the mouth	No bony insertion. Skin of lips	Draws lips together; helps in infinite variety of facial expressions as joy, grief, despair, etc.
Pectoralis major	Anterior medial half clav- icle; sternum; cartilages of first six ribs; external oblique aponeurosis	Intertubercular sulcus of crest of humerus	Adducts, flexes, and rotates arm medially
Pectoralis minor	3rd to 5th ribs near ante- rior ends	Tip of coracoid process of scapula	Pulls scapula forward or ribs up
Platysma	Fascia covering pectoralis major and deltoid mus- cles	Inferior border of mandible; risorius muscle in corner of mouth	Depresses angle of mouth; wrinkles skin of neck in oblique direction; de- presses lower jaw
Rectus abdominis	Symphysis and crest of pubis	Xiphoid process and 5-7 ribs	Draws thorax downward; flexes vertebral column and pelvis, supports ab- dominal viscera
Rectus femoris	Anterior inferior spine of ilium	Common tendon of quadriceps femoris or patella	Extensor of leg at knee; flexor of hip-joint; flexes
Sartorius	Anterior superior spine of	Medial aspect of tuberosity of tibia	body on hips Flexes thigh and leg; ro-
Tibialis anterior	Upper outer two-thirds of tibia	First cuneiform and base of first metatarsal	tates thigh laterally Dorsi-flexion of ankle; helps invert foot
Zygomaticus	Zygomatic bone	Partly in skin about angle of mouth; partly into the orbicularis oris	Draws upper lip upward as in laughing; aids in other facial expressions

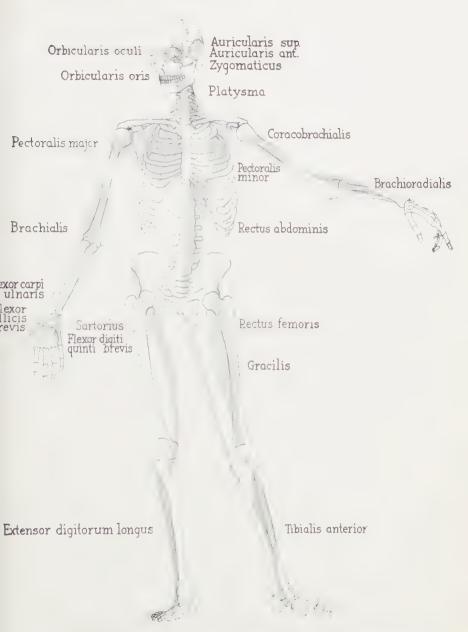


Fig. 69.—Projection of muscles on anterior view of skeleton showing attachments.

Muscle	Origin	Insertion	Action
Abductor digiti quinti	Pisiform bone	First phalanx of little finger	Separates the little finger from the ring finger; flexes the first phalanx of little finger
Abductor pollicis brevis	Ridge on multangulum ma- jus (trapezium); and na- vicular bone	Outer side base first pha- lanx of thumb	Abducts thumb; flexes the first and extends the second phalanx
Adductor pollicis	Shaft of third metacarpal bone, multangulum ma- jus and minus, and capi- tate bone	Inner side base of first pha- lanx	Adduction and opposition of thumb
Adductor longus	Symphysis and crest of pu- bic bone	Middle third of inner lip of linea aspera	Adducts, flexes, and assists in lateral rotation of thigh
Biceps brachii	Short head from coracoid process; long head from supraglenoidal tuberosity of scapula	Tubercle of radius	Short head adducts arm; long head abducts; flexes and supinates forearm; flexes and rotates arm medially
Deltoideus	Lateral third clavicle; acromion, and inferior edge of spine of scapula	Deltoid tubercle of humerus	Abducts arm; anterior part flexes and rotates arm medially; posterior part extends and rotates arm laterally
Extensor hallucis longus	Middle half of fibula	Terminal phalanx of great	Extends great toe; flexes
Flexor carpi radi- alis	Medial epicondyle of hu- merus	Bases of 2 and usually 3 metacarpal bones	Flexes wrist primarily; as- sists in abduction of hand
Obliquus externus abdominus	5th to 12th ribs	Anterior two-thirds outer lip of iliac crest. Linea alba, inguinal ligament	Compresses abdomen; draws thorax downward
Obliquus internus abdominus	Outer half of inguinal liga- ment, anterior half of crest of ilium, lumbar fascia	roth to 12th ribs, 7th to 9th costal cartilages, linea alba of rectus	Compresses abdomen; draws thorax forward; flexes and rotates verte- bral column
Pectineus Peroneus tertius	Crest of pubis Distal third of fibula	Pectineal line of femur Base of 5th metatarsal	Flexes and adducts thigh Assists in dorsal flexion of foot and everts it
Pronator teres	Medial epicondyle of hu- merus and coronoid proc- ess of ulna	Middle third of lateral sur- face of radius	Pronates forearm; assists in flexion of elbow-joint
Quadratus labii superioris	Angular head: frontal proc- ess of maxilla (root of nose)	Angular head: alar cartilage of nose and orbicularis oris	
	Infraorbital head: maxilla Zygomatic head: zygomatic bone near orbicularis oculi	Infraorbital head: orbicularis oris and skin of upper lip Zygomatic head: skin of up-	Helps in variety of facial expressions
6 1		per lip	T
Serratus anterior	Lateral surfaces of upper 8 ribs	Vertebral border of scapula	Draws scapula forward; rotates inferior angle of scapula laterally and for- ward
Sternocleidomas- toideus	Medial third of clavicle and manubrium of sternum	Mastoid process and occip- ital bone	Rotates head to opposite side; bends head and neck toward shoulder; both sides acting together flex head on chest and extend the head
Vastus lateralis	Lateral lip of linea aspera of femur	Common tendon of quadra- ceps femoris to tibia	Extends leg at knee; flexes hip-joint; flexes body on hips
Vastus medialis	Medial lip of linea aspera of femur	Common tendon of quadraceps femoris to tibia	Extends leg at knee; flexes hip-joint; flexes body on hips

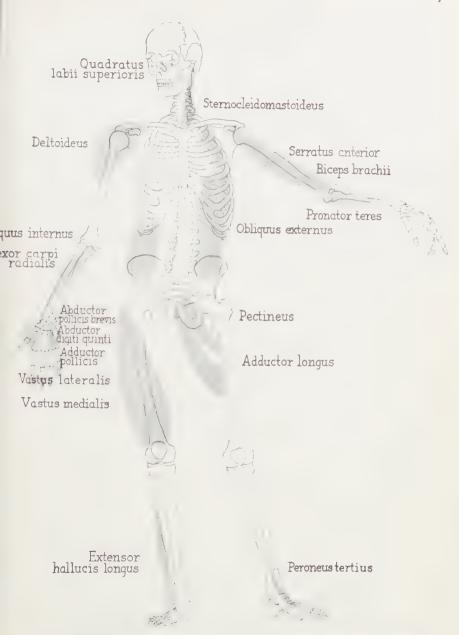


Fig. 70.—Projection of muscles on anterior view of skeleton showing attachments.

Muscle	ORIGIN	Insertion	Action
Adductor brevis	Inferior ramus of pubis	Upper third of linea aspera of femur	Assists in adduction, flexion, and lateral rotation of thigh
Adductor magnus	Ischial tuberosity	Linea aspera of femur, tu- bercle above medial con- dyle	Adducts thigh; assists in flexion, extension, and lateral rotation
Flexor digitorum sublimis	Medial epicondyle of hu- merus, coronoid process of ulna, and proximal part of radius	Second phalanges of fingers	Flexes middle phalanges of the fingers, and hand
Iliopsoas	Iliac fossa of ilium, 12th thoracic to 5th lumbar vertebrae	Small trochanter of femur	Flexes thigh; adducts and rotates hip-joint medially
Intercostalis ex-	Lower border of each rib	Upper border of next rib	Elevate ribs and aid in respiration
Masseter	Zygomatic arch	Lateral surface of ramus of mandible and coronoid process	Raises mandible and draws it forward
Opponens pollicis	Great multangular bone and transverse carpal liga- ment	Metacarpal of thumb	Simultaneously draws first metacarpal bone medially and forwards
Palmaris longus	Medial epicondyle of hu- merus	Fascia of palm	Flexes the wrist; tenses the fascia of palm
Transversus ab- dominis	Lower six costal cartilages; lumbodorsal fascia; ante- rior two-thirds internal lip of illac crest; lateral third of inguinal ligament	Xiphoid process; linea alba; pubic tubercle	Compresses abdomen

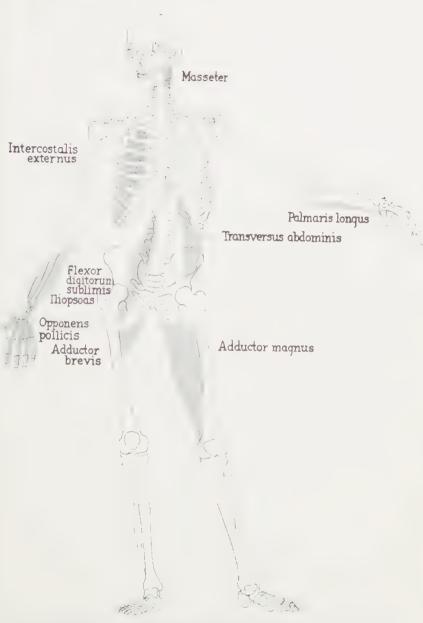


Fig. 71.—Projection of muscles on anterior view of skeleton showing attachments.

Muscle	Origin	Insertion	Action
Biceps femoris	Long head from ischial tu- berosity; short head from middle third of linea as-	Lateral condyle of tibia; head of fibula	Flexes knee-joint; extends thigh; rotates leg laterally when knee is flexed
Extensor carpi ulnaris	Lateral epicondyle of hu- merus; proximal part of ulna	Base of fifth metacarpal	Extensor and adductor of the wrist, and fifth finger
Extensor digito- rum communis	Lateral epicondyle of hu- merus	By four tendons into pha- langes of fingers	Extends fingers and wrist
Extensor digiti	Lateral epicondyle of hu- merus	First phalanx of little finger	Extends little finger (and wrist)
Gastrocnemius	Medial and lateral condyles of femur	Calcaneus, through tendon of Achilles	Flexes knee; extends ad- ducts and inverts foot
Gluteus maximus	Ilium, sacrum, coccyx, sa- crotuberous ligament	Iliotibial tract and gluteal tuberosity of femur	Extends thigh, adducts thigh and rotates it lat- erally
Latissimus dorsi	Spines of lower 6 thoracic vertebrae, lumbodorsal fascia, crest of ilium, up- per lumbar vertebrae, lower 3 or 4 ribs, inferior angle of scapula	Intertubercular sulcus of humerus	Adducts, extends and rotates arm medially
Plantaris	Lateral epicondylic line of femur	Inner margin of tendon of Achilles (calcaneus ten- don)	Flexes leg and extends foot
Soleus	Middle third of tibia, head and proximal third of fibula	Calcaneus, through tendon of Achilles	Extends, adducts and inverts foot
Splenius capitis	Nuchal ligament, upper three thoracic vertebrae	Mastoid process of tempo- ral bone and occipital bone	Rotates head; together draw head backwards
Trapezius	Occipital bone, nuchal liga- ment, seventh cervical and all thoracic vertebrae	Lateral third of clavicle, acromion, and lateral part of spine of scapula	Rotates inferior angle of scapula laterally and for- wards; elevates lateral end of clavicle, of scap- ula; approximates the scapulae; extends the head
Triceps brachii	Long head, from infragle- noid tuberosity. Medial and lateral head, from posterior surface of hu- merus	Olecranon of ulna	Extends forearm, long head adducts the arm at shoul- der-joint

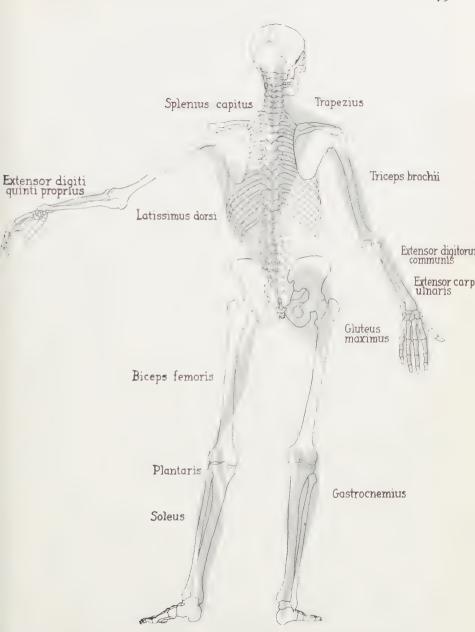


Fig. 72.—Projection of muscles on posterior view of skeleton showing attachments.

Muscle	Origin	Insertion	Action
Extensor carpi radialis brevis	Lateral epicondyle of hu-	2nd and 3rd metacarpals	Extends hand and abducts
Extensor carpi radialis longus	Lateral epicondylic ridge of	Second metacarpal	Extends and abducts hand; flexes forearm
Flexor digitorum longus	Middle three-fifths dorsal surface of tibia	Phalanges of four lateral toes	Flexes digits; extends and inverts foot
Gluteus medius	Lateral surface of ilium	Great trochanter of femur	Abducts thigh; medial ro- tator of thigh
Gluteus minimus	Lateral surface of ilium	Great trochanter of ilium	Abducts thigh; medial or lateral rotator of extended limb
Infraspinatus Levator scapulae	Infraspinous fossa of scapula First three or four cervical vertebrae	Greater tubercle of humerus Vertebral border of scapula between medial angle and root of spine	Rotates arm laterally Rotates inferior angle of scapula medially; ele- vates shoulder
Popliteus	Lateral condyle of femur	Proximal fifth of tibia	Flexes knee; rotates leg medially
Rhomboideus major	Upper 2, 3, 4, 5th thoracic vertebrae	Vertebral border of scapula	Rotates inferior angle of scapula medially; elevates shoulder; approximates the two scapulae
Rhomboideus minor	Nuchal ligament, 7th cer- vical and first thoracic vertebrae	Vertebral border of scapula	Rotates inferior angle of scapula medially; elevates shoulder; approximates the two scapulae
Sacrospinalis	Dorsal surface of sacrum, spines of lumbar verte- brae, crest of ilium; di- vides into several groups of muscles	Lumbar, thoracic, cervical vertebrae; ribs; and mas- toid process	Extends vertebral column and head; bends verte- bral column and head te side; numerous complex actions of vertebral column
Semimembranosus	Ischial tuberosity	Medial condyle of tibia	Flexes leg and rotates it medially; extends and ad- ducts thigh; rotates it medially
Semitendinosus	Ischial tuberosity	Medial surface of tibia	Flexes knee and rotates it medially; extends and ad- ducts thigh; rotates it medially
Supraspinatus	Supraspinous fossa of scap- ula	Greater tubercle of hu- merus	Assists in abduction of arm
Teres major	Axillary border of scapula	Intertubercular sulcus of humerus	Adducts, extends and rotates arm medially
Teres minor	Axillary border of scapula	Greater tubercle of hu- merus	Adductor and lateral ro- tator of arm
Tibialis posterior	Posterior surface of tibia, fibula, and interosseous membrane	Navicular, cuboid, all cunei- form bones, second to fourth metatarsals	Adducts, extends and inverts foot; (assists in the maintenance of arch of foot)

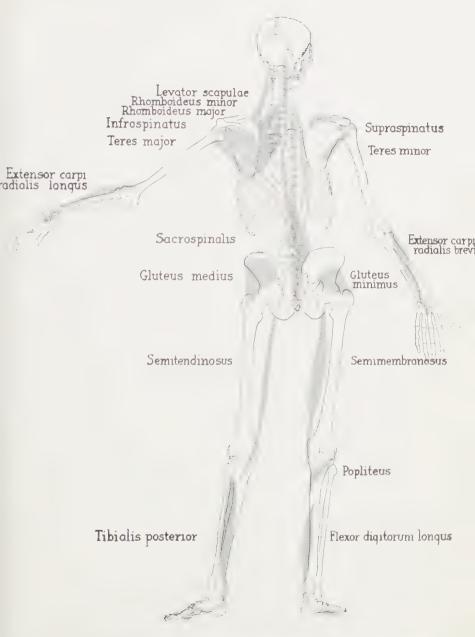


Fig. 73.—Projection of muscles on posterior view of skeleton showing attachments.

Muscle	ORIGIN	Insertion	Action
Abductor pollicis longus	Dorsal surface of ulna, ra- dius, and interosseous membrane	Base of first metacarpal	Abducts and extends thumb Muscles Shown in Fig. 74
Anconeus	Lateral epicondyle of hu- merus	Olecranon of ulna	Extends forearm
Deltoideus	Lateral third clavicle; acromion, and inferior edge of spine of scapula	Deltoid tubercle of humerus	Abducts arm; anterior part flexes and rotates arm medially; posterior part extends and rotates arm laterally
Flexor hallucis	Distal two-thirds of fibula	Terminal phalanx of great	Flexes great toe; extends
Peroneus longus	Head and body of fibula, lateral condyle of tibia	By tendon passing behind lateral malleolus and across sole of foot to first cuneiform and first meta- tarsal	Supports transverse arch of foot; extends, abducts, and everts foot
Rectus abdominis	Symphysis and crest of pubis	Xiphoid process and 5-7 ribs	Draws thorax downward; flexes vertebral column and pelvis, supports ab- dominal viscera
Temporalis	Temporal fossa of temporal	Coronoid process of man- dible	Raises mandible
Tensor fasciae latae	Anterior superior spine and anterior part iliac crest	Iliotibial tract	Tenses fascia lata; abducts and rotates thigh me- dially
Trapezius	Occipital bone, nuchal liga- ment, seventh cervical and all thoracic vertebrae	Lateral third of clavicie, acromion and lateral part of spine of scapula	Rotates inferior angle of scapula laterally and for- wards; elevates lateral end of clavicle, of scap- ula; approximates the scapulae; extends the head

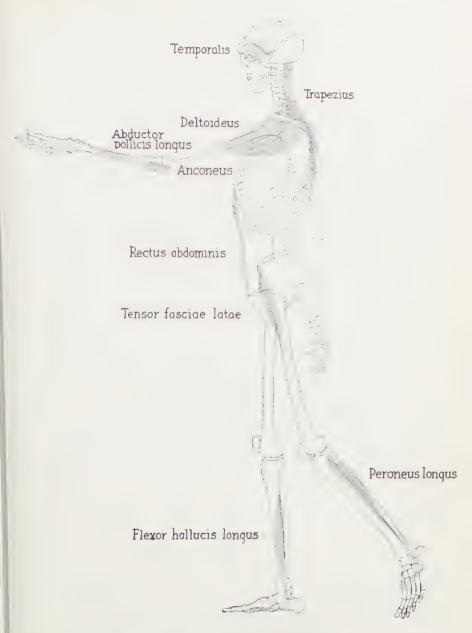


Fig. 74.—Projection of muscles on lateral surface of skeleton showing attachments.

CHAPTER VII

MUSCLES OF THE HEAD AND NECK

ACTION

MUSCLE ORIGIN INSERTION

MUSCLE	ORIGIN	111023111011	
Auricularis ante-	Temporal fascia	Cartilage of ear	Draws ear forward
rior Auricularis supe-	Epicranial aponeurosis	Cartilage of ear	Draws ear upward
rior Buccinator	Maxilla, mandible	Orbicularis oris muscle	Retracts angle of mouth and flattens lips and cheek against teeth
Caninus	Canine fossa of maxilla	Orbicularis oris muscle and	Raises angle of mouth
Corrugator	Frontal bone	Skin of eyebrow	Draws inner angle of eye- brow downward and
Epicranius Frontalis	Epicranial aponeurosis	Skin of eyebrow. Root of	wrinkles forehead Elevates eyebrow, wrinkles forehead
Occipitalis	Superior nuchal line of occipital bone	Epicranial aponeurosis	Draws scalp backward, and tenses epicranial aponeu- rosis
Incisivus labii in- ferior and supe- rior (not vis- ible)	Maxilla and mandible	Orbicularis oris muscle	Draws corners of lips medially
Masseter	Zygomatic arch	Lateral surface of ramus of mandible and coronoid process	Raises mandible and draws it forward
Mentalis	Mandible, below the lateral incisor tooth	Skin of chin	Draws up skin of chin
Nasalis	Maxilla and dorsum of nose	Margin of nostril and skin of nasolabial groove	Constricts nostrils; draws wings of nose laterally and upward
Orbicularis oculi	Maxilla, frontal bone, and medial palpebral liga- ment	There is no bony insertion The muscle fibres form a complete ellipse and ter- minate at the origin	Closes eye; draws eyelid to- wards median line; stretches skin of forehead
Orbicularis oris	Various muscles converging into the mouth	No bony insertion. Skin of lips	Draws lips together; helps in infinite variety of facial expressions as joy, grief, despair, etc.
Platysma	Fascia covering pectoralis major and deltoid mus- cles	Inferior border of mandible; risorius muscle in corner of mouth	Depresses angle of mouth; wrinkles skin of neck in oblique direction across lower jaw
Procerus	Membrane of bridge of nose	Skin over root of nose	Draws skin of forehead
Quadratus labii inferioris	Mandible below canine and premolar teeth	Lower lip	Draws lower lip downward
Quadratus labii superioris	Angular head: frontal process of maxilla (root of nose)	Angular head: alar cartilage of nose and orbicularis oris	
	Infraorbital head: maxilla Zygomatic head: zygomatic bone near orbicularis oculi	Infraorbital head: orbicularis oris and skin upper lip Zygomatic head: skin of upper lip	Helps in variety of facial expressions
Risorius	Continuation of platysma, subcutaneous tissue over parotid gland	Skin and mucous membrane at corner of mouth	Draws corner of mouth laterally
Triangularis	Mandible below canine, pre- molar and first molar teeth	Orbicularis oris muscle and skin	Draws corner of mouth downward
Zygomaticus	Zygomatic bone	Partly in skin about angle of mouth; partly into the orbicularis oris 80	Draws upper lip upward as in laughing; aids in other facial expressions

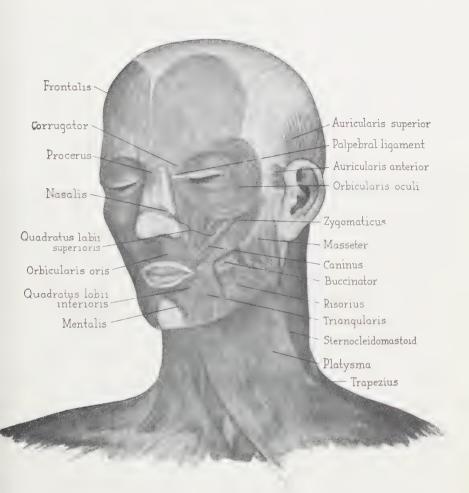


Fig. 75.—Muscles of the face and head, viewed from the left.

THE ANATOMY OF THE SMILE

The famous "Mona Lisa Gioconda" of Leonardo da Vinci illustrates an expression of elusiveness—with a delightful smile exceedingly difficult to analyze.

The following changes are evident in the smiling face:

- 1. The face becomes broader.
- The upper lip and corner of the mouth are retracted upward and lateralward by the action of the zygomaticus and the quadratus labii superioris.
- The contraction of the above mentioned muscles causes a smooth roundness under the eye, which results in a furrow under the eye.
- 4. The naso-labial groove becomes shallower and broader.
- There is practically no action of the frontalis or corrugator muscles on the forehead.

From an anatomical point of view, the above mentioned facts create a smile. Yet, what would this masterpiece be without Leonardo's power of expression—his Art telling a story, or hundreds of stories through Mona Lisa's famous eyes?



Fig. 76.—"Mona Lisa."

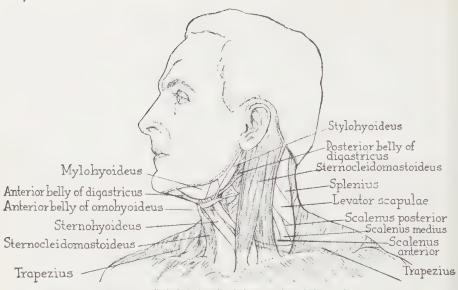


Fig. 77.—Labeled sketch of the muscles of the neck.



Fig. 78.—Muscles of the neck.

CHAPTER VIII

MUSCULAR LANDMARKS OF THE HUMAN FIGURE

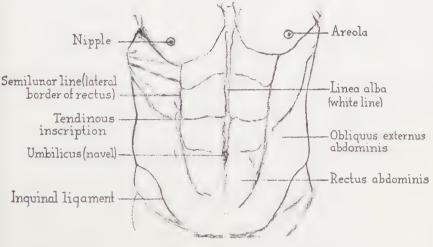


Fig. 79.—Labeled sketch of the abdominal muscles.



Fig. 80.—The abdominal muscles slightly contracted.



Fig. 81.—The abdominal muscles fully contracted.



Fig. 82.—Axilla and shoulder, anterior view, arms overhead.

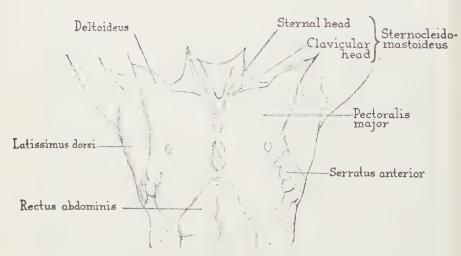


Fig. 83.—Labeled sketch of muscles shown in Fig. 82.



Fig. 84.—Shoulder and scapular region, posterior view, arms overhead.

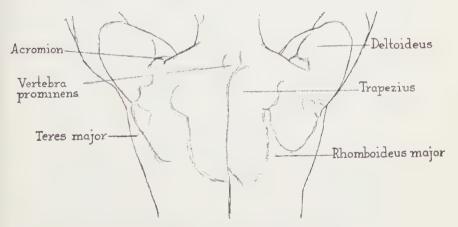


Fig. 35.—Labeled sketch of muscles shown in Fig. 84.

AXILLA AND SHOULDER FROM THE FRONT

The axilla is the hollow or armpit between the proximal part of the arm and the side of the thorax. The axilla is bounded in front by the two pectoral muscles, the major forming a beautiful border in figure 86; while behind, the latissimus dorsi, teres major and subscapularis form the thick rounded margin. The lateral or outer boundary is formed by the biceps brachii and the coraco-brachialis. The inner wall is formed by the distinct digitations of the serratus anterior and their ribs.

SHOULDER AND SCAPULAR REGION FROM BEHIND

- The bony points visible in Fig. 87 are: (1) the spine of the scapula, (2) the acromion process of the scapula, (3) the prominent seventh cervical vertebra, and (4) the inferior angle of the scapula.
- The prominent muscular elevations are (1) trapezius, (2) deltoideus, (3) latissimus dorsi, (4) rhomboideus major.





Fig. 87.—Shoulder and scapular region, arms abducted about 90°.

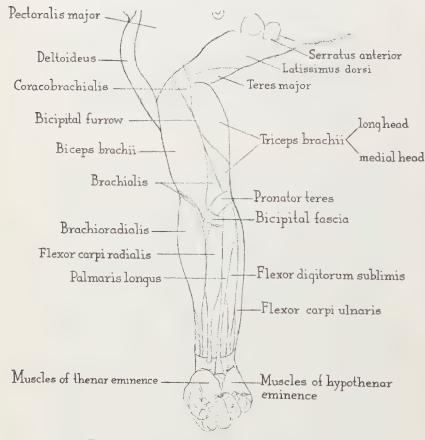


Fig. 88.—Labeled sketch of muscles shown in Fig. 89.



Fig. 89.—The upper right extremity abducted and supinated.

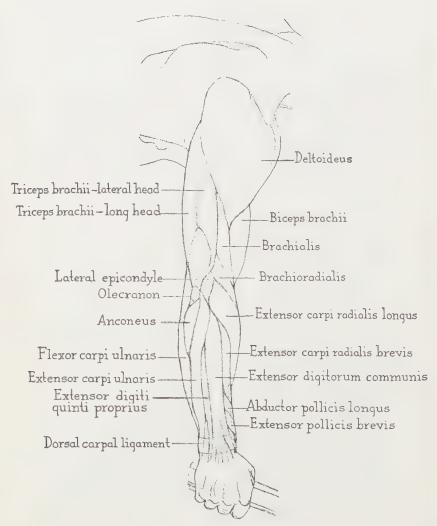


Fig. 90.—Labeled sketch of the upper right extremity, posterior view.



Fig. 91.—The upper right extremity, posterior view.

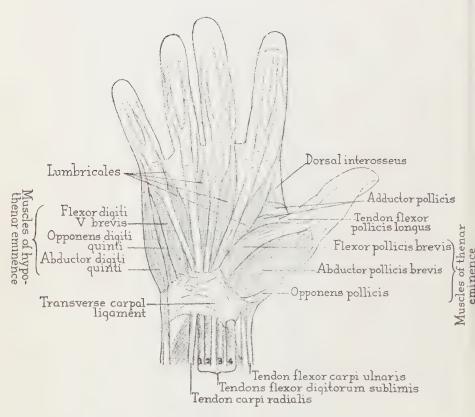


Fig. 92.—Labeled sketch of the palmar view of the hand.



Fig. 93.—The hand, palmar view. (See page 149 for other details regarding the hand.)



Fig. 94.—Labeled sketch of the posterior view of the hand.



Fig. 95.—The hand, posterior view, the superficial veins are quite visible.

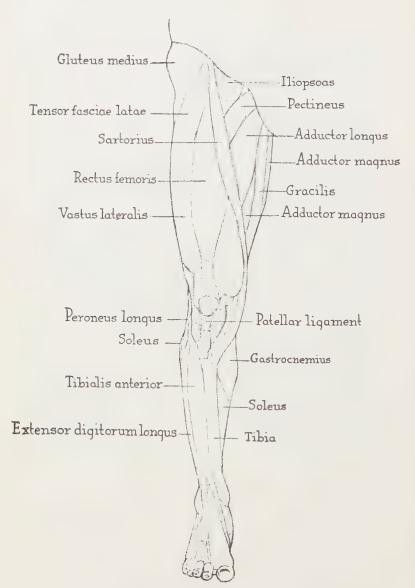


Fig. 96.—Labeled sketch of the lower right extremity, anterior view.



Fig. 97.—The lower right extremity, anterior view.

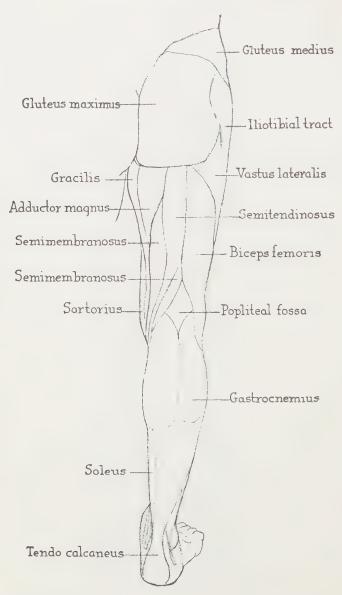


Fig. 98.—Labeled sketch of the lower right extremity, posterior view.



Fig. 99.—The lower right extremity, posterior view.

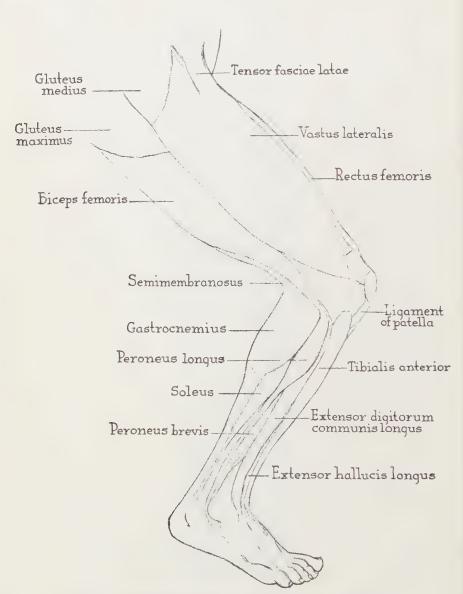


Fig. 100.—Labeled sketch of the lower right extremity shown in Fig. 101.



Fig. 101.—The lower right extremity partly flexed, lateral external view.

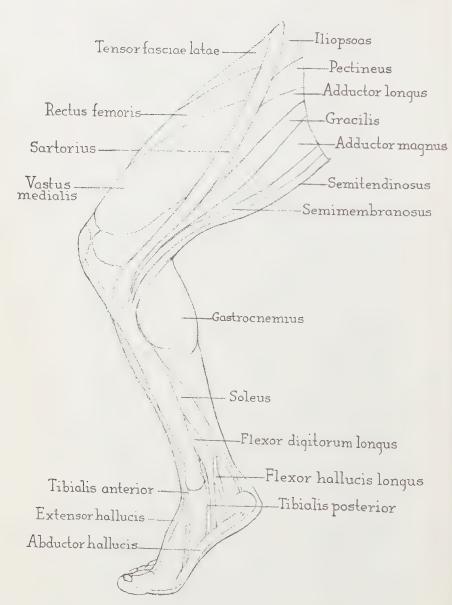


Fig. 102.—Labeled sketch of the lower right extremity shown in Fig. 103.



Fig. 103.—The lower right extremity partly bent, internal view.

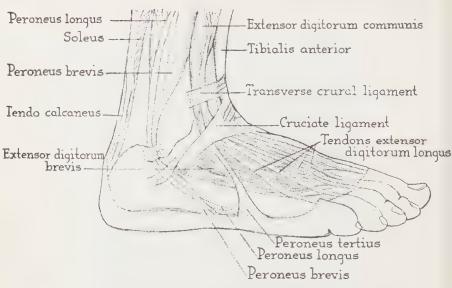


Fig. 104.—Labeled sketch of the right foot, external lateral view.



Fig. 105.—The right foot, external lateral view.

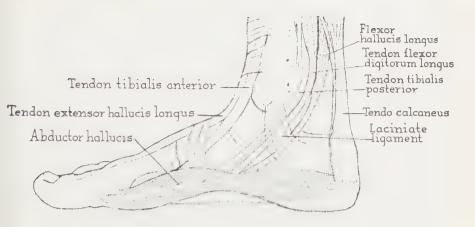


Fig. 106.—Labeled sketch of the right foot, internal view.



FIG. 107.—The right foot, internal view.



Fig. 108.—Demonstration of sartorius muscle.

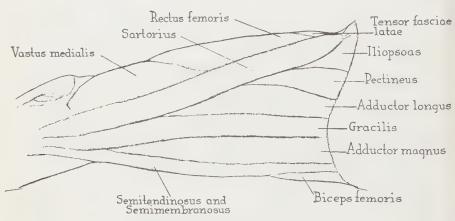


Fig. 100.—Labeled sketch of the sartorius muscle-

CHAPTER IX

MUSCLES GROUPED ACCORDING TO THEIR PRINCIPAL ACTION

Muscles of the Head.

MUSCLES AFFECTING THE ORAL ORIFICE.

Retractors downward: platysma, triangularis, and quadratus labii inferioris.

Retractors upward: quadratus labii superioris, zygomaticus, caninus.

Retractors lateralward: zygomaticus, platysma, risorius, triangularis, buccinator.

Contractors: orbicularis oris (incisivis labii superioris and inf.).

MUSCLES AFFECTING THE ORBIT.

Retractors: epicranius, levator palpebrae (raises eyelid).

Contractors: orbicularis oculi, procerus, corrugator.

MUSCLES AFFECTING THE NASAL ORIFICE.

Dilators: quadratus labii superioris (angular head), nasalis (transverse head).

Contractors: nasalis (alar portion), depressor septi nasi.

Muscles affecting the Ear.

Retractors: auricularis anterior, superior, and posterior.

Muscles acting in Mastication (chewing).

Masseter, temporalis, pterygoideus externus and internus.

Muscles acting on the Head.

Sternocleidomastoideus, trapezius, splenius capitis, supra- and infrahyoids.

Muscles acting on the Spine.

Sternocleidomastoideus, psoas major, rectus abdominis, obliquus externus and internus, sacrospinalis, levator scapulae, and splenius capitis.

Muscles acting on the Shoulder-girdle.

Elevation: levator scapulae, trapezius, rhomboideus major and minor.

Depression: pectoralis minor, latissimus dorsi, subclavius, lower parts of trapezius and pectoralis major.

Abduction: pectoralis major and minor, serratus anterior.

Adduction: latissimus dorsi, rhomboideus major and minor, trapezius.

Muscles acting on the Arm at the Shoulder-joint.

Abduction: supraspinatus, deltoideus.

Adduction: latissimus dorsi, teres major, pectoralis major, coraco-brachialis.

Inward rotation: subscapularis.

Outward rotation: teres minor, infraspinatus.

Flexion: pectoralis major, clavicular part of deltoideus, coraco-brachialis, serratus anterior, short head of biceps.

Extension: latissimus dorsi, teres major, posterior part of deltoideus.

Muscles acting on the Forearm.

Flexion: brachioradialis, biceps brachii, brachialis.

Extension: tricers, and anconeus.

Pronation: pronator teres, pronator quadratus.

Supination: supinator.

Muscles acting on the Hand at the Wrist.

Flexion: flexor carpi radialis, flexor carpi ulnaris, palmaris longus.

Extension: extensor carpi radialis longus and brevis, extensor carpi ulnaris.

Muscles acting on the Pelvis.

Flexion: rectus abdominis, obliquus externus and internus, psoas major.

Extension: sacrospinalis.

Lateral flexion: rectus abdominis, obliquus externus and internus.

Muscles acting on the Thigh at the Hip-joint.

Flexion: iliopsoas.

Extension: gluteus maximus.

Adduction: gracilis, pectineus, adductors brevis, longus, and magnus.

Abduction: gluteus medius and minimus, tensor fasciae latae.

Inward rotation: gluteus medius and minimus, tensor fasciae latae. Outward rotation: quadratus femoris, pyriformis, gemelli, obturators.

Muscles acting on the Leg at the Knee-joint.

Flexion: sartorius, semitendinosus, semimembranosus, biceps, popliteus.

Extension: quadriceps femoris composed of the following four muscles: rectus

femoris, vastus lateralis, vastus medialis, and vastus intermedius.

Muscles acting on the Foot at the Ankle-joint.

Flexion: tibialis anterior.

Extension: gastrocnemius, plantaris, soleus.

CHAPTER X

SKIN, FASCIAE, AND FAT

The skin or integument covers the whole body. It serves as an organ of protection, and assists in regulating body temperature. The colour of this elastic tissue is due chiefly to pigment, and partly to the blood. The skin is yellowish in old age, and pinkish in childhood. The hair and nails are both derivatives of the skin.

The surface of the body presents lines and ridges well marked on the palm of the hand and the sole of the foot. The coarser and more conspicuous rather thick lines are flexure lines, while the finer markings are the papillary ridges, as illustrated in figure 145. The palmist examines the flexure lines in the exercise of his calling, while the criminologist is able to detect, register and identify individuals by the papillary ridge pattern. A flexure line marks the site of "a skin joint," a folding point of the skin and subcutaneous tissue.

Beneath the skin there are two layers of tissue that are in close relation to the muscular system: (1) the superficial fascia, with its fat, and (2) the deep fascia.

The superficial fascia covers the entire body immediately under the skin. It is impregnated usually with fat, more especially in the regions indicated in Figs. 112, 146, 120. Fat reduces the irregularities of the underlying bones and muscles, especially in the female, to form smooth, round, graceful curves. If the model is well nourished examination of the surface does not reveal much information, for the entire superficial fascia is well loaded with fat, which obscures the prominences and bulging made by bones, muscles and tendons, rendering their identification difficult even under digital examination.

The deep fascia lies underneath the skin and superficial fascia. It is a bluish white membrane, devoid of fat, which covers and invests the muscles, ligaments, and parts of the skeleton. It is attached to all subcutaneous bony prominences.

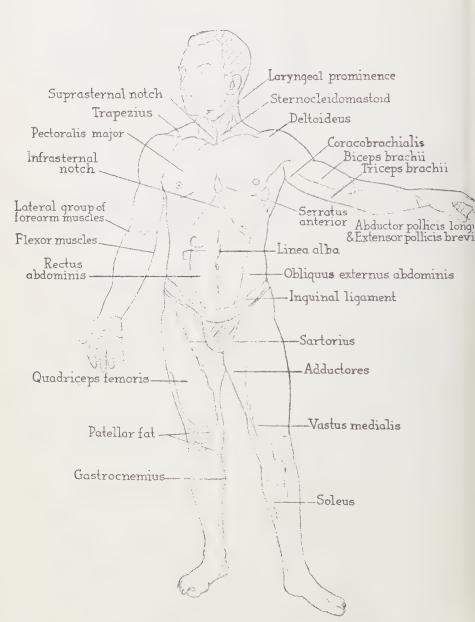


Fig. 110.—Key to muscular projections, anterior view.



Fig. 111.—Male figure, anterior view.

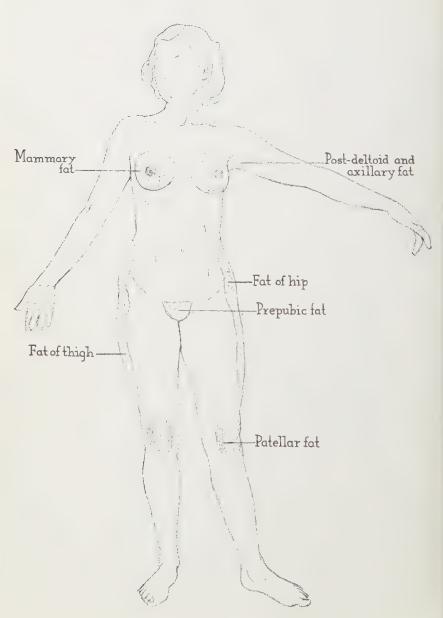


Fig. 112.—Fat distribution on female figure, anterior view.



Fig. 113.—Female figure, anterior view.

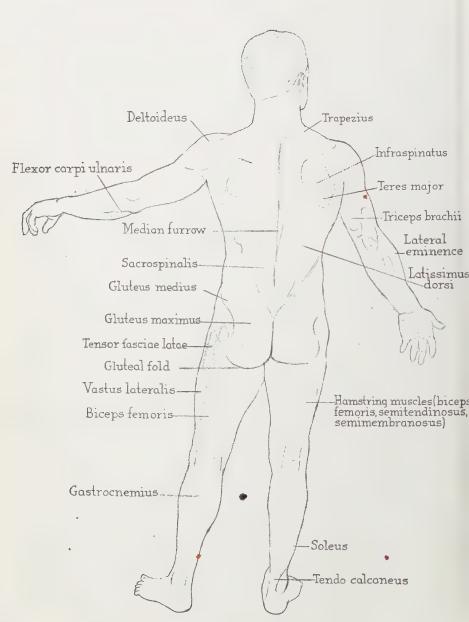


Fig. 114.—Key to muscular projections, posterior view. .



Fig. 115.—Male figure, posterior view.

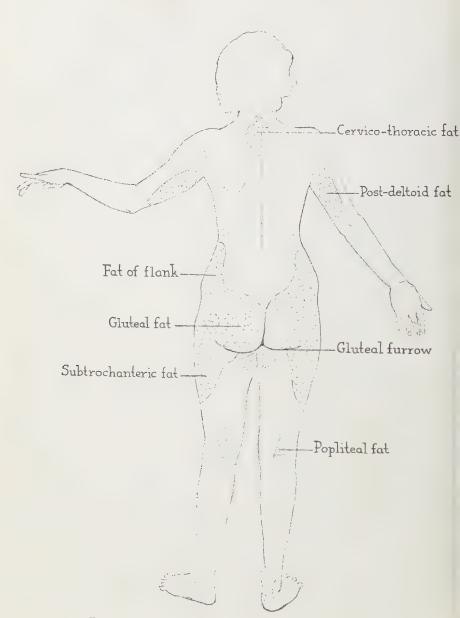


Fig. 116.—Fat distribution on female figure, posterior view.

SKIN: FASCIA: FAT



Fig. 117.—Female figure, posterior view.

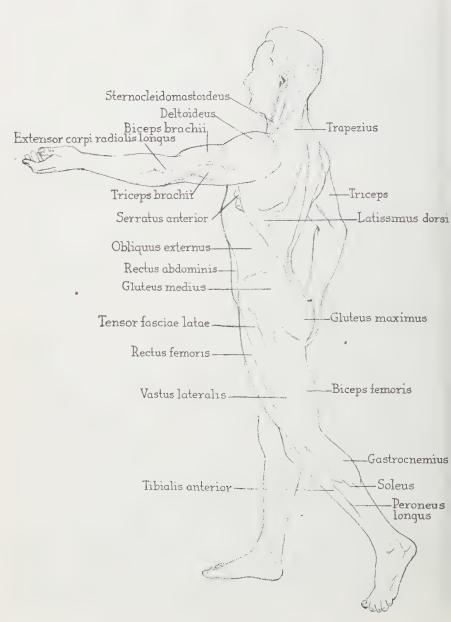


Fig. 118.—Key to muscular projections, left side view.

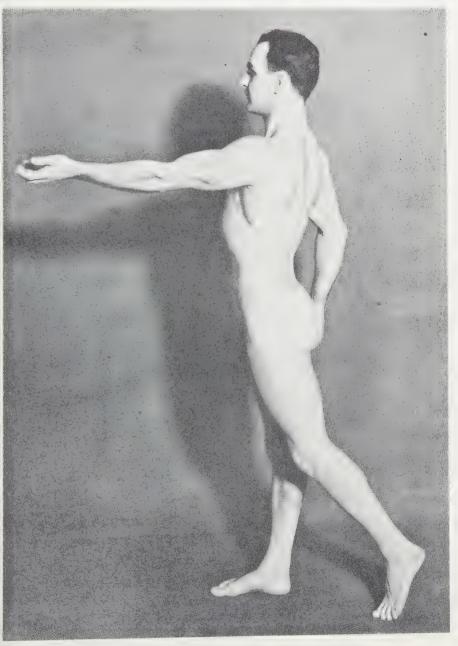


Fig. 119.—Male figure, viewed from the left side.

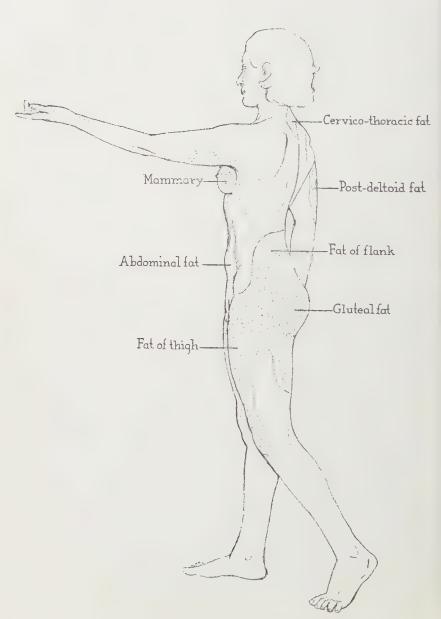


FIG. 120.—Fat distribution on female figure, lateral view.



Fig. 121.—Female figure, viewed from the left side.

CHAPTER XI

SURFACE ANATOMY OF THE CHILD

The child of nine years of age measures about six head-lengths.

In Fig. 122, observe the following structures, and compare with Fig. 111 of the adult male:

Sternocleidomastoids.

Latissimus dorsi.

Rectus abdominis.

Biceps brachii.

Deltoideus.

Rib cage outline.

Inguinal (Poupart's) ligament.

Waist lacking in child.

In Fig. 123, observe the following structures, and compare with Fig. 115 of the adult male:

Trapezius.

Latissimus dorsi.

Deltcideus.

Triceps.

Median furrow of back.

Vertebral border of scapula.

Gluteal fold.

Medial epicondyle of femur.

Vertebral column curve to right to coun-

ter-balance weight of abducted left arm.

In Fig. 124, observe the following structures, and compare with Fig. 119 of the adult male:

Deltoideus.

Latissimus dorsi.

Biceps brachii.

Median spinal furrow.

Vertebral column curvatures.

Rib outline.

Lateral malleolus of fibula.



Fig. 122.—Figure of a child, anterior view.



Fig. 123.—Figure of a child, posterior view.



Fig. 124.—Figure of a child, viewed from the left side.

CHAPTER XII

POSES OF THE MALE AND FEMALE FIGURE

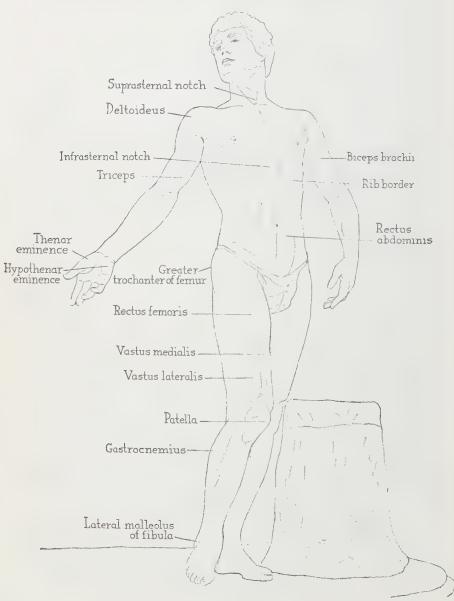


Fig. 125.—Surface anatomy, showing bony and muscular landmarks.

POSES



Fig. 126.—Ted Shawn, from his dance, "Death of Adonis."



POSES 131



Fig. 128.—Ted Shawn, from his dance, "Death of Adonis."

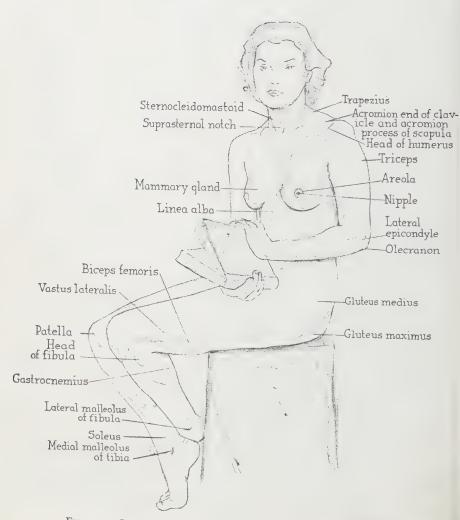


Fig. 129.—Surface anatomy, showing bony and muscular landmarks.



Fig. 130.—Girl seated.

THE MAMMARY GLAND

The mammary gland or breast is rudimentary in the male. In the female the gland remains undeveloped from the first year (infancy) up to the fourteenth year (puberty), when it increases in size, for a time, due to greater blood supply and accumulation of fat.

The gland measures about one-half inch in diameter at puberty and is increased to over four inches in the adult. The thickness of the adult mammary gland varies with the individual, depending upon conditions and the accumulation of fat, the average being two inches. The nipple is located in the fourth interspace usually and its circular area of pigmented skin, the areola, is pinkish-red, turning dark red during and after child-birth.

In Fig. 131, observe the right gland is located between the second and sixth ribs from the sternum to the anterior border of the axilla (armpit), lying chiefly on the pectoralis major muscle, and somewhat on the serratus anterior and rectus abdominis. The left gland is lower due to the position of the arm and trunk. Observe also the following structures:

Sternocleidomastoids.

Laryngeal prominence (Adam's apple) due to thyroid cartilage.

Pectoralis major insertion (left side).

Anterior superior spine of ilium.

Peroneus longus tendon.



Fig. 131.—Dancing pose.

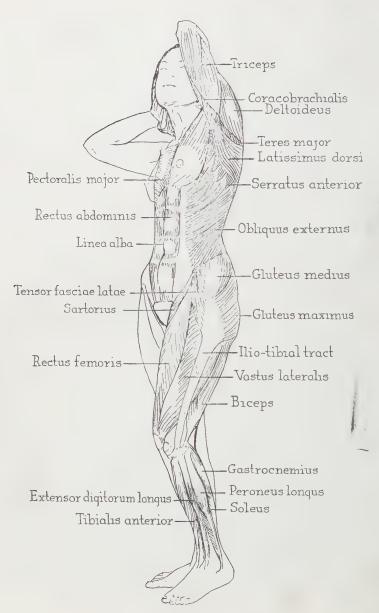


Fig. 132.—Girl standing showing labeled muscles.



Fig. 133.—Girl standing.

THE TENNIS PLAYER

Notice the general absence of muscular prominences, although this figure is in action. The condition is characteristic of the average female, the muscular prominences being covered by superficial fat. Observe also the altered shape of the breast, as well as the transverse creases on the side at the waist. The hollow evident on the front left elbow is known as the Antecubital Fossa.



Fig. 134.—Girl tennis player.

THE SPRINTER

In this figure practically every muscle is in action. It is well to note the following structures: the rounded and thick margin of the latissimus dorsi muscle, the contraction of the upper fibres of the deltoideus, the prominence due to the pectoral muscles, and the fan-like serratus anterior muscle. The muscles of the legs and the left arm are beautifully demonstrated. The hollow formed on the back of the knee-joint is known as the Popliteal Fossa. The convexity of the thoracic portion of the vertebral column is well-marked.



Fig. 135.—The sprinter.

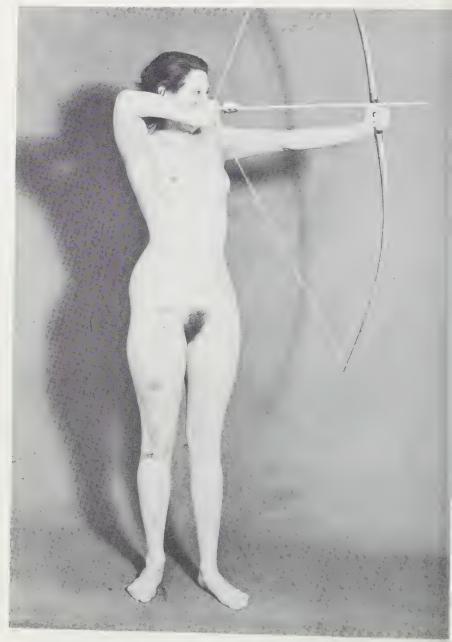


Fig. 136.—Girl archer.



Fig. 137.—Male archer.



Fig. 138.—Label in the above sketch the anatomical structures evident in Figure 139. Make a memory sketch of the same figure.

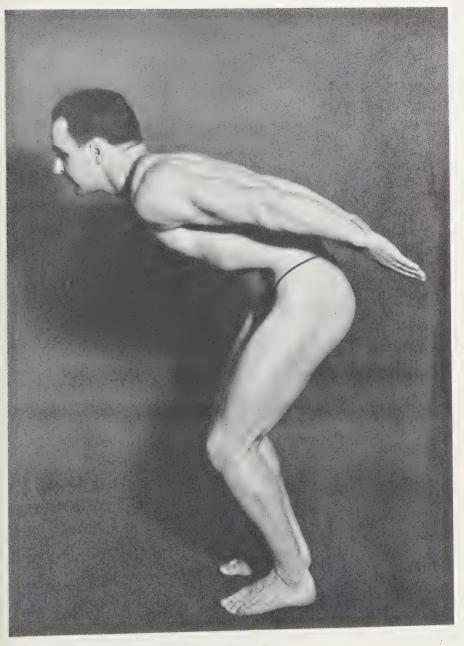


Fig. 139.—The diver.

CHAPTER XIII ACTION PHOTOGRAPHS

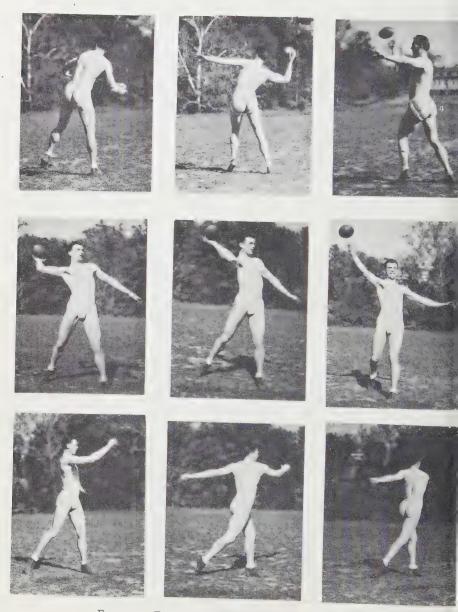


Fig. 140.—Football player showing action and form.



Fig. 141.—Football player showing balance, action, and form.

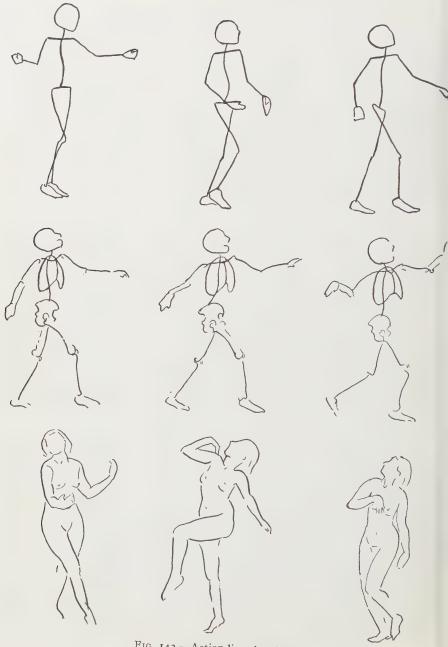


Fig. 142.—Action line sketches.

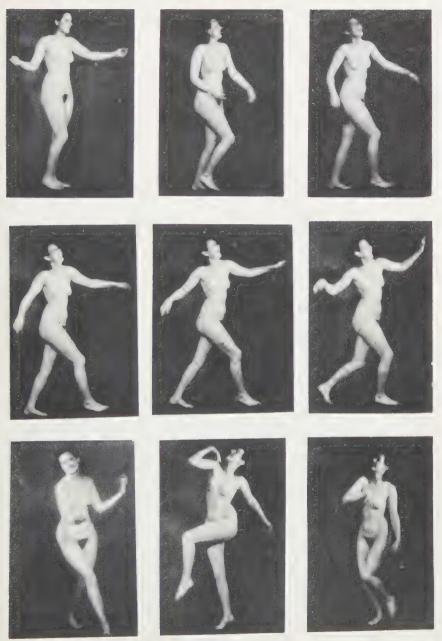


Fig. 143.—Female figure showing rhythm and form.

CHAPTER XIV

STUDENTS' DRAWINGS

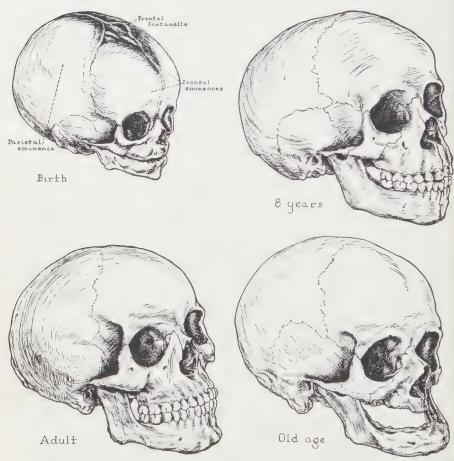


Fig. 144.—Skulls showing comparative age changes at birth, 8 years, adult and old age.

Differences in the Skull Due to Age. At birth the skull is large in proportion to the other parts of the skeleton. Its facial portion is small and is only about one-eighth of the bulk of the skull as compared with one-half in the adult. The parietal and frontal eminences are most prominent. The bones are unossified and membranous intervals termed fontanelles are usually visible at the angles of the bone. The frontal fontanelle is closed during the second year.

The smallness of the face at birth is accounted for mainly by the under-developed condition of the maxilla and mandible, the small size of the nasal cavity and the maxillary sinuses. With the eruption of the milk teeth at two months to two years of age, there is a growth of the face and jaws. These changes are more marked after the second dentition.

Growth of the skull is rapid until the seventh year, the orbital cavities being practically adult size; and at puberty the growth is again active, particularly in the facial and frontal regions, because of the developing air sinuses.

The old-age skull is characterized by diminution in the size of mandible and maxilla with loss of the teeth and absorption of the walls of the alveoli. The chin protrudes and the angle of the mandible tends to revert somewhat to the angle at birth. The vertical mass of the face appears reduced, due to increase in breadth of the skull and diminution of height, with slight increase of the slope of the frontal bone and flattening of the back of the head.



FIG. 145.—Showing the relation of the usual flexure lines to the bony elements of the hand, and arrangement of the papillary ridges on the third terminal phalanx.

The different fingers and toes display various lengths, measuring the relative projection of the tips of the digits from the extremity of the limb. Artists and anatomists describe the middle finger as the longest, and the ring or index fingers as commonly of equal length (i.e., 3 > 4 = 2). The digital formula for the ideal type of hand is: 3 > 4 = 2 > 5 > 1. The formula for the digits of the hand of specialization, highest in evolutionary scale, is: 3 > 2 > 4 > 5 > 1. There are three types of digital formula of the human foot:

A. Commonest type: 1>2>3>4>5. B. "Greek" ideal type: 2>1>3>4>5.

C. Uncommon (or criminal) type: 3>2>1>4>5.



Fig. 146.—Posed Skeleton (student's drawing in competition).

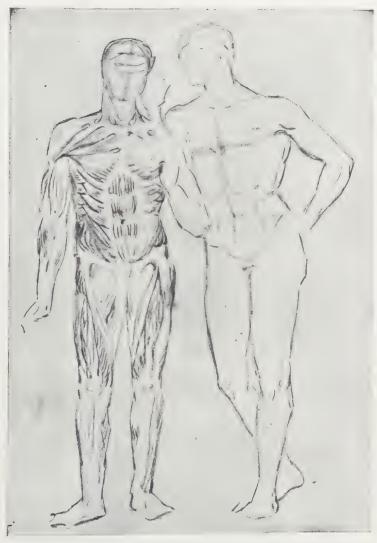
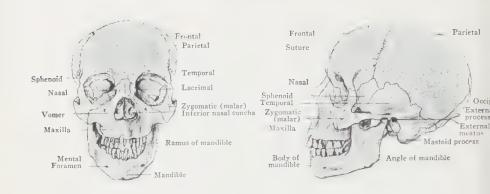
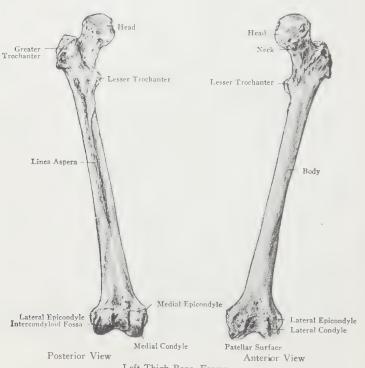


Fig. 147.—Student's sketch.





Left Thigh Bone, Femur Fro 148.—Student's sketches of bones.





Fig. 149.—Student's sketches of bones.

CHAPTER XV

GLOSSARY OF ANATOMICAL WORDS AND COMMON MEANING

TERMS INDICATING THE SITE AND DIRECTION OF THE PARTS OF THE BODY

WORD MEANING

Anterior in front
Caudal towards tail
Cranial towards head

Dorsal back outside of External Frontal in front Inferior lower Internal inner side to side Lateral Medial middle Posterior behind Profundus deep

Superficial above the form (near the surface)

SuperioraboveVentralin frontVertextop

TERMS SPECIALLY USED FOR THE EXTREMITIES

Distal distant

Proximal nearest the origin

TERMS SPECIALLY USED IN MOVEMENTS OF PARTS

Abduction draw away Adduction bring toward Circumduction draw around Depression press down Elevation lift up Eversion twist about Extension stretch out Flexion bend Inversion turn about Pronation turn face down

Pronation turn about turn face description draw forth the Retraction draw back

Rotation wheel around, revolve

Supination turn face up

BONES

Word	Pronunciation	Meaning
Acromion	ak-ro'me-on	tip of shoulder
Astragalus	as-trag'al-us	ankle bone
Calcaneus	kal-ka'ne-us	heel bone
Capitate	kap'it-āt	head
Carpus	kar'pus	wrist
Cervical	ser'vik-al	neck
Clavicle	klav'ik-l	key, collar bone
Coccyx	kok'siks	tail bone
Concha	kong'kah	shell
Coracoid	kor'ak-oid	like crow's beak
Coronoid	kor'o-noid	crow's beak
Corpus	kor'pus	body
Costa	kos'tah	rib, side
Coxa	koks'ah	hip
Cuboid	ku'boid	cube
Cuneiform	ku'ne-if-orm	wedge-shaped
Digit	dij'it	finger
Ethmoid	eth'moid	sieve-like
Femur	fe'mur	thigh bone
Fibula	fib'u-lah	brace bone, root and clasp
Glenoid	gle'noid	socket
Hamate	ha'māt	hooked
Humerus	hu'mer-us	arm bone
Hyoid	hi-oid	u-shaped bone
Ilium	il'e-um	hip, haunch bone
Incus	ing'kus	anvil
Innominate	in-om'in-at	unnamed
Ischium	is'ke-um	hip bone
Lacrimal	lak'rim-al	tear
Lumbar	lum'bar	loin
lunar	lu'nar	moon shaped
Malar	ma'lar	cheek
Malleus	mal'e-us	hammer, to strike
Mandible	man'dib-l	lower jaw
Manubrium	man-u'bre-um	handle
Mastoid	mas'toid	breast
Maxillary	mak'sil-a-re	jawbone
Metacarpal	met-ah-kar'pal	beyond the wrist
Metatarsal	met-ah-tar'sal	beyond the instep
Multangular	mult-ang'u-lar	many angles
Nasal	na'zal	nose
Navicular	na-vik'u-lar	boat-shaped
Occipital	ok-sip'it-al	base of head
Olecranon	o-lek'ran-on	process of ulna at elbow
Palate	pal'at	palate, roof of mouth
Parietal	par-i'et-al	wall
Patella	pat-el'ah	knee pan, pan
Patena Pelvis	pel'vis	basin
FCIVIS	P	

WORD PRONUNCIATION MEANING

Phalanges fa-lan'jez line of soldiers

Pisiform pi'sif-orm pea-shaped

Pubis pubic bone, hair

 Pubis
 pu'bis
 pubic bone, hair

 Radius
 ra'de-us
 spoke or ray (of wheel)

 Sacrum
 sa'krum
 holy bone, sacred or cursed

 Scaphoid
 ska'foid
 boat-shaped, like a skiff

 Scapula
 skap'u-lah
 spade, shoulder blade

 Semilunar
 sem-e-lu'nar
 half-moon

 Sphenoid
 sfe'noid
 wedge-shaped

 Stapes
 sta'pēz
 stirrup

 Sternum
 ster'num
 flat, breast bone

Talus ta'lus one of a set of dice, ankle bone

Tarsus tahr'sus instep
Temporal tem'por-al time, temple
Thorax tho'raks chest, cage
Tibia tib'e-ah shin bone, flute
Trapezoid trap'ez-oid table, square wrist bone

Triquetrum triangular
Ulna ul'nah elbow

Vertebra ver'te-brah to turn, spindle bone

Vomervo'merploughshareXiphoidzi'foidlike a swordZygomaticzi-go-mat'ikcheek

MUSCLES

Word Pronunciation Meaning

Abductor ab-duk'tor leader away pollicis pol'licis of the thumb longus long'us long

longuslong'uslongpedispe'disfoot

hallucis hallu'cis of the great toe digiti dig'iti fingers

quinti quin'ti fifth

Achilles tendon ak-il'ez a Greek warrior who was vulnerable only

in the heel
Adductor ad-uk'tor leader to

magnus mag'nus great minimus min'imus little

Anconeus an-ko'ne-us pertaining to the elbow

Biceps bi'seps double headed pertaining to the arm

femoris fem'oris thigh

Brachialis bra-ke-a'lis pertaining to the arm
Brachioradialis brak"e-o-ra-de-a'lis arm to radius
Buccinator buk'sin-a-tor trumpeter's muscle
Caninus ka-ni'nus sharp pointed (dog)

capitis Obturator

GLOSSARY		15	7
Word	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING	
Согасо	kor'ak-o	beak-like	
Deltoid	del'toid	like Greek letter Delta (Δ)	
Digastricus	di-gas'trik-us	double bellied	
Epicranius	ep-ik-ra'ne-us		
epi		upon	
cranius		head	
Extensor	ex-ten'sor	extender	
communis	ce mmu'nis	common	
carpi	car'pi	wrist	
ulnaris	ulna'ris	pertaining to ulna	
proprius	pro'prius	proper	
indicis	in'dicis	first finger	
Flexor	fleks'or	bender	
profundus	profun'dus	deep	
sublimis	subli'mis	superficial	
Gastrocnemius	gas-trok-ne'me-us		
gastro		belly	
nemius		leg	
Gluteus	glu-te'us	buttocks	
maximus	max'imus	greatest	
medius	me'dius	middle	
minimus	min'imus	lesser	
Gracilis	gras'il-is	slender	
Iliacus	il-i'ak-us	pertaining to the iliac bone	
Infraspinatus	in"frah-spi-na'tus		
infra		below	
spinatus		spine	
Intercostal	in-ter-kos'tal	between the ribs	
externus		outside, or external	
internus		inside, or internal	
Latissimus	lat-is'im-us	broadest	
dorsi	dor'si	back	
Levator	le-va'tor	lifter	
labii	la'bii	lips	
menti	men'ti	chin	
Longissimus	lon-jis'im-us	longest	
Longus	long'us	long	
colli	col'li	neck	
Lumbricalis	lum-brik-a'lis	worm-shaped	
Masseter	mas-e'ter	chewer	
M ylohyoid	mi-lo-hi'oid	pertaining to lower jaw teeth and hyoic	1
		bone	
Obliquus	ob-li'kwus	oblique	
abdominis	abdom'inis	abdomen	
capitis	cap'itis	head	
Obturator	ob'tu-ra-tor	stopper	

hypo

MEANING PRONUNCIATION WORD opposing op-o'nenz Opponens or"bik-u-la'ris circular Orbicularis mouth oris oc'uli eve oculi pal-ma'ris palmar **Palmaris** pek-tin'e-us pertaining to attachment on pubic bone Pectineus pek-to-ra'lis pertaining to the breast Pectoralis greater major ma'jor lesser mi'nor minor per-o-ne'us fibular (pin) Peroneus ter'tius third tertius plan-ta'ris pertaining to the sole of foot **Plantaris** pla-tiz'mah the muscle-like expansion Platysma posterior surface of knee (hamstring mus-**Popliteus** pop-lit-e'us turner down pro-na'tor Pronator square quadratus quadra'cus te'res teres so'as Psoas **Piriformis** pir-if-or'mis pear-shaped rek'tus straight Rectus fem'oris thigh femoris Rhomboideus rom-boid'e-us quadrilateral ri-so're-us laughing muscle Risorius attached from sacrum along spine Sacrospinalis sa"kro-spi-na'lis Sartorius sar-to're-us tailor's muscle, used in crossing legs ska-le'nus Scalenus irregular, triangular, uneven Semimembranosus sem"e-mem-bran-o'sus half membranous Semitendinosus sem "e-ten-din-o'sus half tendinous Semispinalis sem"e-spi-na'lis attached to one-half of spine Serratus ser-a'tus toothed Soleus so'le-us sandal, pertaining to the sole sple'ne-us bandage Splenius ster"no-kli-do-mas'toid Sternocleidomastcid sterno cleido clavicle mastoid mastoid process of temporal bone Subclavius sub-kla've-us sub below clavius clavicle Subscapular sub-skap'u-lar below scapular spine Supinator su-pin-a'tor lying on the back **Temporalis** tem-por-a'lis time, the first place gray hair appears (temple) the'nar Thenar palm

less than

Word Tibialis

Trapezius Triceps

Vastus Zygomaticus PRONUNCIATION

tib-e-a'lis trap-e'ze-us tri'seps vas'tus

zi-go-mat'ik-us

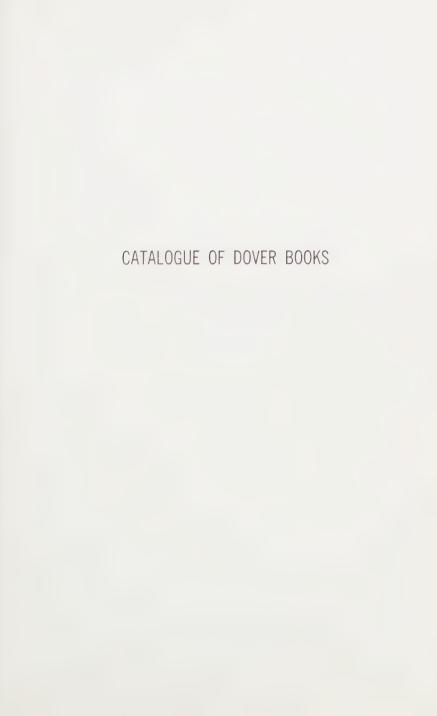
MEANING

attached to tibia table-like three-headed large

pertaining to cheek







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